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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

INSURANCE
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FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

VOL. XXV NO 35

BOMBAY: THURSDAY FEBRUARY 11, 1937

PRICE: ONE ANNA

No Separate Grant To Duke Of Windsor

Labour Party Decision

Future Of Duchies Of Lancaster And Cornwall

LONDON, February 10. The Labour Opposition has today decided to oppose any separate grant to the Duke of Windsor, when the civil list comes up for consideration in the House of Commons. Ordinarily, this decision will present no great difficulty, as the King who controls the revenues of the Duchies of Cornwall and Lancaster could himself transfer part of the revenue to the Duke of Windsor. The Opposition, however, has taken up the line that the above revenues should no longer be at the King's disposal but should be transferred to the treasury in return for a fixed grant. Thus if the King wished to make a personal grant to the Duke of Windsor, he will have to take it from such lump sum, as Parliament decide to allow him.

It is generally assumed that the Labour view regarding no separate grant to the Duke of Windsor, which is supported by Opposition Liberals and some Conservatives will be adopted, and there will be no mention of the Duke of Windsor when the recommendations of the All-Party Committee which will consider provision for the civil list come before the House of Commons.

The question of revenues of the Duchies of Cornwall and Lancaster is more open. Should the Labour view be adopted, it seems probable that neither Labour nor Liberal Opposition will object to the total grant to Royal Family being put at a figure which will enable a private grant by the King to the Duke of Windsor.—Reuter.

GERMANY IN COMMONS

Britain's Hope Of European Peace Talks

LONDON, Feb. 10. German proposals for European settlement occupied a portion of question time in the House of Commons.

Lord Cranborne for Mr. Eden said as far as he was aware, there had been no specific withdrawal by Herr Hitler of his proposals made last year. While he disagreed with the suggestion that Germany had refused to participate in the negotiations for settlement Lord Cranborne admitted there had been considerable delay but the British Government still hoped that negotiations would take place.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

FOR LONDON AIR DEFENCE.

LONDON, February 10. The question of balloon barrage for Air Defence of London was raised by Liberal Sir Hugh Seely, who asked whether the Air Ministry intended to adopt the Ariel type of balloon used by the French Government.

Sir Philip Sassoon replied that Government were going forward with the barrage scheme as quickly as possible. Satisfactory deliveries of balloons were being made.—Reuter.

FLYING BOATS RECORD

LONDON, February 10. The flying boat "Castor" had a remarkable flight to Alexandria arriving there 24 hours earlier than she was expected. She covered 1,800 miles from Marseilles at an average speed of 165 miles per hour.—Reuter.

Vote Congress And March To Swaraj

CONGRESS PRESIDENT'S CALL TO NATION

Allegations Against Kambl's Men At Election Meetings

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Prior to leaving Bombay for Cannanore from the Juhu Aerodrome this morning, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, sent the following message to the country through the "United Press":

"My message to the country is 'vote for the Congress and pack up your knapsack for the march to Swaraj'—United Press

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Secretary, All India Congress Parliamentary Committee, has sent the following telegram to Babu Rajendra Prasad, on Wednesday, from Haldwani, regarding the U. P. polling.

"Congress candidates literally swept the polls. Reports just received indicate that our candidates win practically all the general, labour, university and several Muslim constituencies. A clear majority is certain.

Scenes of unbounded enthusiasm marked the polling day.

HOOIGANISM AT HUBLI

(From Our Correspondent)

HUBLI, Feb. 10.

Repeated and desperate attempts are being made for the last two or three days by hooligans alleged to be supporters of the Kambl party to create such conditions that Government might be compelled to promulgate Section 144 in Hubli.

Their intention is said to be to prevent Pandit Jawaharlal from addressing a meeting at Hubli on February 12. But the Congress authorities are repeatedly exhorting the public to remain peaceful and non-violent in the face of grave provocations.

KAMBLI'S CHALLENGE

Sir S. T. Kambl addressing an open air 'pansupari' party in Bhushpet, last night is said to have defended his 'abkari' administration by declaring that the statistics published by his critics were false. He is reported to have invited any in the audience to challenge the truth in his defence. Further it is reported, one man who got up to speak was immediately set upon by some hooligans and dragged to the dais, belaboured and forcibly made to beg Sir S. T. Kambl's pardon and bow at his feet. The victim along with another was then marched to the police station where they were detained for some time and later released.

"UNDIGNIFIED" SPEECH

The tone, language and the material of Sir S. T. Kambl's election speeches everywhere are reported to be very undignified.

"Tarun Karnatak" a local communal paper published in its yesterday's issue what appears to be a "verbatim" report of Sir S. T. Kambl's speech delivered in Jawar market. But even "Tarun Karnatak" was ashamed to print certain words and expressions alleged to have been uttered by the Minister in the course of that speech. "Tarun Karnatak" has left them to be guessed by readers by putting dashes in the place of actual words used.

Congressmen and Congress papers are challenging Sir S. T. Kambl to leave the protective cover of "pansupari" parties, come on the open platform and convince the public of his own "Merits" and the "demerits" of the Congress.

THUMPING MAJORITY FOR CONGRESS

NEW DELHI, February 10. A telephonic report from Amala states that Pandit Shriram Sharma, a Congress candidate,

was elected to the Punjab Assembly from the Rohtak Hissar Urban constituency by a thumping majority, defeating his rivals Lala Jaldev (Hindu Election Board), Mr. Jyoti Prasad, a sitting member, and Mr. Manoharlal.—United Press.

SMTI. SHARMADA ELECTED

Congress Candidate From Dehra Dun Rural

NEW DELHI, February 10.

A message from Dehra Dun says that Shrimati Sharmada Tyagi, Congress candidate from the Dehra Dun Rural Constituency has been elected to the U. P. Assembly, defeating her rival Ramchandra Kukreti (National Agriculturist Party) securing 5093 votes against 1342 votes polled by the latter.—United Press.

FIRST NATIONALIST VICTORY IN PUNJAB

LAHORE, February 10.

Lala Bhagat Ram (Congress Nationalist), Mr. Krishnadas (Schedule Class) were declared elected to the Punjab Assembly from Jullundur General Rural Constituency securing 15,644 votes and 13,135 votes respectively. Their rivals numbered four all of whom were defeated.

It will be recalled that this is the first Congress Nationalist victory in the province.

Mian Abdul Aziz (Independent) was elected from Lahore Civil Station Muslim Constituency defeating his rival Malik Mahmood Din, sitting member in the present Punjab Council.

Mian Abdul Aziz secured 7,523 votes while Malik got 2,961 votes. Both are ex-Presidents of Lahore Municipal Committee.—United Press.

From Lahore T. U. Constituency

LAHORE, February 10.

From Lahore Trade Union Constituency Lala Sitaram (Hindu Election Board) was elected to the Punjab Assembly securing 1,167 votes defeating Mr. M. A. Khan, and Mr. Harbhajan Singh who got 671 and five votes respectively. From the South-West Punjab Sikh Constituency, Sardar Ajit Singh (Khalsa National) was elected defeating Sardar Harban Singh (Independent).—United Press.

PARVATI DEVI ELECTED

LAHORE, February 10. The following are some of the (Continued On Page 7—Col. 5.)

OPEN DOOR FOR IRON AND STEEL

Japan Will Introduce Legislation Suspending Import Duty

TOKIO, February 10. Government have decided to suspend the import duty on pig iron and steel for two years.

This decision has been reached with a view to checking the sudden world-wide appreciation of iron and steel, and necessary legislation will be introduced in the diet shortly.—Reuter.

CUSTOMS REVENUE GOES UP

Landslide Checked

NEW DELHI, February 10.

Reflection of the improvement in the commodity prices with the consequent increase in the purchasing power is shown in the customs returns for January just issued.

The gross total of the customs revenue is Rs. 526.84 lakhs compared with Rs. 526.34 lakhs in January 1935 and Rs. 516.78 lakhs in January 1934.

While the budget estimates for 1936-37 anticipated the customs revenue in 1936-37 to be slightly more than 1935-36, realisations showed decline month by month till the end of November, when the accumulated deficiency approximated 160 lakhs.

The December figures indicated that the decline was checked, and the January figures which were anxiously awaited are regarded as confirming the definite upward trend.

While it is too late to expect the deficit under this head of revenue to be substantially improved, yet the deficiency will be less than at one time it appeared probable. The feature of January figures is that recovery is spread over most items in the customs list, and not due to fortuitous increase under one or two heads.—A.P.

COLD STORAGE SILVER

Bearish Factor In London Market

LONDON, February 10. The persistent inability of London silver to rise above the twenty pence level, despite the now generally improved sentiment regarding the forthcoming Indian budget, is causing some speculation in the city regarding the reason why.

Brokers are very reluctant to express an opinion, but exhaustive investigations indicate that it is due to continued offerings of "cold storage silver" which has long been held by one powerful interest.

Opinion is divided as to the identity of this holder, but the majority inclines to the view that he is an industrial magnate who has long been well-known as a champion of the cause of Bimetallism, but is now retiring.

It is understood that certain interests have orders to sell large quantities of silver on his account at 20-1/16 or better, and considerable stocks from this source still remain for liquidation.—Reuter.

HAILSTORM HITS U. P. VILLAGES

Hundreds Of Cattle Frozen To Death

CAWNPORE, February 10.

Reports have been received from Narwal, 20 miles from Cawnpore, that about 25 villages were affected by hailstorm on February 8, and hundreds of cattle have been frozen to death and several thatched roofs have been damaged and villagers are panic-stricken.—A. P.

Lord Lurgan Dead

LONDON, February 10. The death has occurred of Lord Lurgan, the sportsman and owner of Luxury Hotels throughout the world.—Reuter.

All Hail To "Sir James Hitler"

EUROPEAN GROUP GIVES IT HOT TO GRIGG

Battle Between Centre And Provinces Over Road Fund

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, February 10.

"SIR JAMES HITLER—I MEAN GRIGG".

This reference to the Finance Member was not from the Opposition benches but from Mr. F. E. James who crossed swords with the Treasury Bench to-day in the Assembly over the road fund resolution.

One often hears of Grigg as Hitler in the lobby, but this was the first time when a resolution was made openly on the floors of the House, much to the embarrassment of the Finance Member who sat blushing and to the amusement of the House.

To-day's debate developed into a heated wrangle between the European group and Noyce-Grigg combination, the former taking up the cudgels on behalf of the provinces and road transport, while the latter insisted on safeguarding the rights of the centre and the railways. In vain, did the spokesmen of the European Group plead that it was an act of coercion against the provinces, inconsistent with provincial autonomy and contrary to the very spirit of the road fund.

PORTENT OF COMING STORM

In vain, was the dire picture which they drew of the coming clash between the provinces and the centre, and feelings of distrust and suspicion which it would engender.

Why should the Government bolster up railways at the expense of road transport asked Mr. Morgan?

In true Hitlerite style, Sir James Grigg said "This is our money" and concluded "I frankly say 800 crores are sunk in the railways, and the Government of India are not prepared to subsidise a rival form of transport".

Proceedings In Detail

In the Assembly to-day after Sir N. N. Sircar's bill to amend certain enactments and repeal certain other enactments and Sir Frank Noyce's bill to amend the Workmen's Compensation Act had been introduced, Sir Frank Noyce moved a lengthy resolution providing for continuance of the extra duty of two annas on me spirit and the establishment of a road fund.

Moving the Road resolution Sir Frank Noyce said that he had not anticipated that after the Road resolution of 1934, he would be called on to move another resolution on the same subject during his term of office. Changes had, however, become imperative and a resolution embodying these was given notice of during the Simla session.

Sir Frank Noyce broadly indicated the amount that had been distributed to the provinces. He said that up till the end of 1935-36 the total amount accruing to the shares of provinces and distributed to them, excluding minor administrations and Indian States was 563.37 lakhs. A sum of 203.37 lakhs out of this had not been spent.

The amount that accrued to the reserve during the same period was 88.42 lakhs, to which would be added 9.39 lakhs contributed voluntarily by oil companies and the special contribution from revenue surplus for 1934-35 of Rs. 40 lakhs making a total of 137.81 lakhs.

In accordance with Paragraph six of the existing resolution this sum had been utilised on the administration of the Road Fund, on grants-in-aid to provinces, States and minor administrations for special works and for road experiments.

EXTRAORDINARY POWERS FOR CENTRE

Sir Frank Noyce then explained the important changes which the present resolution sought to introduce. Firstly, the shares allocated for expenditure in the Governor's provinces would in future be retained by the Governor-General-in-Council, until they were actually required for expenditure. He informed the House that Local Governments had spent only 360 lakhs of the 563 lakhs

placed at their disposal, leaving an unexpected balance of over 200 lakhs or about two and a half years revenue. It was to prevent the accumulation of large unspent balance and to ensure prompt utilisation of the money placed at their disposal that Government were proposing, that in future, instead of placing sums at the disposal of Local Governments, the Central Government should hold the amounts.

The second important change was the taking of the power by the Central Government to resume the whole or any part of the sums which the Central Government might hold for expenditure in any province, if the province delayed without reasonable cause to utilise its share in the Road Fund for purposes of road development. He, however, hoped that Local Governments would not give occasion for the exercise of this power.

DICTIONARY IN DEED

Thirdly, powers were taken to resume the share of the province which was being held by the Central Government, if it failed to take such steps as the Governor-General-in-Council might recommend for the regulation and control of motor vehicles within the province. The attachment of this condition to future participation in the Road Fund was one of the results of the discussion of road and rail problems during the last three years. This power, however, was merely a reserve in case of necessity, and was not for dictating to Local Governments.

The President ruled that the procedure to be followed in the case of this resolution would be that votes should be taken on the amendments and then on the resolution as a whole.

DEPARTURE FROM POLICY

Mr. G. Morgan (European Group) opened a general discussion on the resolution. For seven years, the proceeds of the road fund had been distributed to the various provinces, and throughout that period, no violent departure from the policy which was laid down governing distribution, had been made. It was a little surprising, therefore, to find in the resolution a sharp departure from that policy. (Continued on Page 9 Col. 1.)

GOVT. TROOPS REPULSED

Futile Attempts To Dislodge Insurgents From Their Positions

BARCELONA, Feb. 10.

Following the conscription move by the Cabellero Government, Valencia and Barcelona have been warned that conscription is on the way in a manifesto published by the Catalan Socialistic party.

BARCELONA SHELLED

It is officially announced that Barcelona was shelled by an unknown vessel. Twelve shots were fired apparently at two oil ships moored in the quays. No casualties have been revealed, but there has been some damage.

Later in the night raid, boom of guns from the sea was heard again and all lights on quays ashore were extinguished but the bombarding vessel retired after she was fired on by shore batteries. Forty shells were exchanged.

GOVT. TROOPS REPULSED

AVILA.—Fierce attempt to dislodge the insurgents from their positions commanding Valencia road was made by Government troops who, supported by tanks and artillery attacked in three waves. They are however reported to have been repulsed with great losses.

ON MALAGA FRONT

SALAMANCA.—Nationalists on the Malaga Front engaged in clearing up the provinces to-day occupied Santa Nillas in Cartana. At Villa Malaga, Torredelmar, large quantities of arms and munitions were found abandoned by the defenders of Malaga retreating to Almeria.—Reuter.

OPEN CHALLENGE TO STALIN

Trotsky's Charge-Sheet

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.

M. Trotsky in an address read before a mass meeting of 6,000 communists here declared that if Stalin's case against him was submitted to an international tribunal and he was found in the slightest degree guilty of the crimes imputed to him, he would voluntarily place himself in the hands of the O. G. P. U. executioners.

M. Trotsky declared that Stalin's regime was doomed. History would decide whether he would be replaced by a capitalist counter-revolution or a workers' democracy. He ridiculed the alleged alliance between Japan and Germany, "both of whom are doomed to defeat in the next war."—Reuter.

MALTA DISMISSALS

Professors Act Against British Interests

LONDON, Feb. 10.

Sensational dismissal of two officials of Malta on the allegation of their conduct being prejudicial to British interests has been revealed in Colonial Office announcement. They are Professor Carlo Mallia, Professor of Commercial Law in the University of Malta, and Vincent Bonello, Curator, Arts section and works of art in the fine arts museum in Valetta.

The dismissal of Professors Mallia and Bonello has caused no surprise here. Bonello has been noted for his connection with Italian propagandist organisation which was suppressed in Malta a year ago.—Reuter.

EX-GOVERNOR OF BURMA DEAD

LONDON, Feb. 10.

The death has occurred of Sir Reginald Craddock.—Reuter. (Sir Reginald ex-Lieut. Governor of Burma entered the Indian Civil Service in 1884 and served in the Central Provinces in various capacities and became the Home Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council 1912-17.)

DETROIT, Feb. 10.

The motor strike conference adjourned at midnight without reaching a solution but it is reconvening at 1 a.m.—Reuter.

TABULATED ADLETS ONE Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words "Box No. The Bombay Chronicle" must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No. The Advertisement Department, The Bombay Chronicle, Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Muslim teacher for Geography on 50-70, and 15 trained and Graduate teachers for schools in Bombay. Apply Secretary, Post Box 993, Bombay. Apply with stamped envelope. 7750

Wanted Lady Doctor. Fully Qualified Nurse and Female Compounder for Outstation Hospital. Handsome remuneration. Apply Box No. 7744, "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited from young energetic men with or without University Degree but with personality and initiative to be trained as clerks in the Sales Department in the Grade of Rs. 50-5-80. Knowledge of Gujarati essential. Apply to the Manager, The Jubilee Mills, Ahmedabad. 4864.

Wanted Court Clerk in Attorneys Office. Apply Box No. 7732, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Hindu Clerks for Up-country shop. Must be married and accustomed to European costume. Apply Box No. 7734, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted qualified and Experienced Nurses (B. F. N. A.) for Sir Waghji Hospital. Apply with copies of testimonials to Dr. D. C. Oza, M.B., B.S., Chief Medical Officer, Morvi. (4839)

A Golden opportunity for the educated unemployed—To represent a leading purely National Indian Life Office. Liberal terms of commission recently revised. Apply personally or write to: The Branch Secretary, The Tropical Insurance Co., Ltd., Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. (4840).

Wanted—Applications are invited for the post of Lecturer in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering for the Muslim University Technical Institute. The applicants must have a degree or a diploma in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering from a recognised institution. At least 2 years practical experience in a Workshop is essential. Salary Rs. 150 p.m. with prospect of increment. Applications with recent testimonials must reach the undersigned by the 28th February, 1937. A. E. Zohairi, Registrar, Muslim University, Aligarh. Dated 25-1-37. (4776).

12. TO BE LET.

Self contained modern bungalows with all modern conveniences, overlooking sea, each containing Drawing, Dining and 3 Bed Rooms with attached baths (with hot and cold water arrangements), with their own garden and garage situated next to Somerset House, off Warden Road, opposite Beach Candy Baths. Apply Al-Haj Qassim Ali Jirabzboy, Rehman Mansion, Colaba Causeway. (7723)

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET

To Let—Excellent situation, eminently fitted for Shop which was lately occupied by Marks & Co., now by Hoar & Co., at Esplanade Road from 1st April, 1937. Apply Secretary, Haji Zenal Abedin Shirazi Trust, 95, Ash Lane, Fort. (7679)

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Posts Guaranteed to every Short-hand or typewriting student. Golden opportunity. Last date of joining 15th. Consult Brentford Shorthand School, 31, Forbes St., Bombay. (7737)

68. PARTNERSHIPS

Gentleman with Goodly Capital requires partnership in wholesale and retail business of artificial or real silk cloth, preferably Svadeshi. Write Box 7742, "Bombay Chronicle."

Advertiser will financially co-operate either with Bombay and up-country authors and publishers of rationalist and sociological literature and of educational textbooks, or with sole agents and managers for India of foreign publishers of books and periodicals of social and economic value. Please apply Box 7729, "Bombay Chronicle."

73 AGENTS WANTED

Wanted—In every Town, Reputable firms to work as agents for securing business, Cotton, Seeds, Wheat, Bullion. Apply Box No. 7743, "Bombay Chronicle."

Well Experienced Agents for Selling Indian-made Silk Suits, Sarees and Shirtings in Bombay Presidency. Interview between 9-30 to 1 p.m. Simla Hotel, Room No. 18, Mint Road, Bombay. (7747).

Wanted for the Bengal Insurance and Real Property Co., Ltd., of Calcutta Special Agents for Bombay and Suburbs and also for Maharashtra. Apply Box No. 7740, "Bombay Chronicle."

123. FURNITURE.

Gujarat Furniture Works for "Quality Furniture" in modern style inspection cordially invited. Showroom and Factory, Charni Road, Girgaum. Phone: 25498. (7719)

155. MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

Wanted Immediately a Circus Tent in good order with or without galleries. Apply Box No. 7738, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch	Per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0	
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0	
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0	
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0	

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3-14% RANGOON MUNICIPAL LOAN 1966-76.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Allotment Letters issued to subscribers to the above Loan in respect of applications submitted to the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay, will be exchanged for Bonds for a like amount on and after THURSDAY, the 11th February, 1937, on application to the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay. 4865.

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that Mr. M. M. Parekh alias Mansukhlal Maganlal Parikh has been relieved from our employment from 26-1-37. Nobody should deal with him in any way in our name and in spite of this notice if anybody does so, he will do so at his risk and cost.

E. J. LAKHANI,
for J. H. A. Lakhani.
Dated 5-2-1937. 4867.

NOTIFICATION BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, BOMBAY

No. 1563/151-Impt. The following draft of a notification, which it is proposed to issue under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bom. IV of 1902), is published as required by sub-section (2) of the said section for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that any objections or suggestions which may be received in writing by the Commissioner of Police from any person or persons with regard to the said draft on or before the 10th March 1937 will be duly considered.

DRAFT NOTIFICATION
In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bom. IV of 1902), the Commissioner of Police has made the following additional rule:—

"6-C. No person shall allow any vehicle of which he is in charge to stand or halt anywhere on either side of the portion of Queen's Road from its junction with 1st Marine Street to its junction with Churchgate Street except for the immediate purpose of picking up or setting down passengers."

W. R. G. SMITH,
Commissioner of Police, Bombay.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 29th January, 1937. 4868

THE HYDERABAD (DECCAN) SPINNING & WEAVING CO. LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company, will be held at the Office of the Company, on the Mill premises, Hyderabad (Deccan) on THURSDAY, the 11th February, 1937, at 4-30 p.m., to transact the following business:—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts for the year ending 30th June, 1936.
2. To elect a Director in the room of the Director who retires by rotation but is eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business that may be brought forward by the Chairman.

The Share TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain CLOSED from 28th day of January, 1937, to the 11th day of February, 1937, (both days inclusive).

By Order of the Board of Directors,
RAMANNA BHOOIAH & VENKATA KRISHNAH,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
Hyderabad (Deccan),
24th January, 1937. 4775.

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we BHUPATRAI J. MEHTA c/o Messrs. S. V. Barve, Old Share Bazar Building, Fort, Bombay, have no connection as Broker of the Bhavnagar Paper Mills, Ltd., Bhavnagar. (R7748).

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mrs. GOOL RUSTOM TATA, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 94 Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, measuring 1216 square yards or thereabouts together with the message tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate on and being Plot No. 604C of the Dadar Matunga Estate of the Trustees of the Improvement of the City of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and taxes under "F" Ward No. 7132(3) and Street No. 690B (Kingsway Road) and bounded on or towards the East by Plot No. 614, on or towards the West by the property belonging to the Vendor being Plot No. 604B known as Baroda House, on or towards the North partly by Lady Jehangir Road and partly by Plot No. 604D and on or towards the South by the land belonging to Dadar Parsi Gymkhana.
Dated this 10th day of February, 1937.

SAHAR & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
4863.

COME AND ENJOY AMAVAS TO-DAY.

SPECIAL MATINEE at 2-30 EAST INDIA'S SUPER historical ROMANCE:

DESH-DIWAN
OR
"BAGH-I-SIPAH"
AT
Imperial Cinema
LAMINGTON ROAD
Time: 5-15, 8, 10-45.

THE EMPIRE

Daily 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
FOR A SECOND WEEK



Selznick International presents
Marlene DIETRICH
Charles BOYER
The GARDEN OF ALLAH

Also Showing Disney's Silly Symphony Plans Open. Phone 20286.

Ladies of Bombay Refuse To Be Left Out!

THEY WANT A SHOW OF

"VILLAGE GIRL"

all to themselves.

SPECIAL.

"ZANANA SHOW"

or

"VILLAGE GIRL"

Starring.

SABITADEVI

ON:

FRIDAY, 12th February,

at

2 P. M.

The picture You will carry home with you.

ROXY Talksies

Other Shows As Usual.

MATINEE TO-DAY
AT 2-30 P.M.
Specially for AMAS

TUKARAM

PRABHAT'S GREAT PICTURE
with
"SURYA NAMASKAR" Talkie.
Produced by the RAJASABH of
AUNDH Now In Its
9TH CROWDY WEEK
AT

CENTRAL
TALKIES :: GIRGAUM NAKA
Other Shows at 5-15, 8 & 10-45 p.m.

THIRD WEEK BOMBAY TALKIES GREAT FILM

I Z Z A T

at

OPERA HOUSE

Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

TO-DAY MATINEE AT 2-45 P.M.

Who Dares...?

TO QUESTION the greatness of Indian Womanhood..... the great power which has driven hundreds of wise and guys to the right path—path of virtue.....

The Greatness of Indian WOMANHOOD Skillfully Portrayed in:

PRATIMA

("PREM-MURTI")

DARYANI PRODUCTIONS'
TALKIE super of modern INDIA

Directed By:—
RAM DARYANI.

Story By:—
S. DARYANI.

starring
*SARDAR AKHTAR,
*S. NAZIR,
*D. MANEK,
*GOPE,
*INDURANI
and others

TO BE RELEASED AT

ROXY

(QUEEN'S ROAD).

on

SATURDAY NEXT: (13th Feb. '37).

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TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m.).
GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82 m.).
GSB 9.51 Mc/s (31.55 m.).
7-30 p.m. Big Ben. A Violin Recital. By Max Rostal. Prayer (Handel, arr. Flesch). Allegro (Flocco). Two Romantic Pieces: (a) Allegro moderato (b) Allegro maestoso (Dvorak). Rondo brillante (Weber, arr. Rostal). 7-50 p.m. "From Atlantic to Pacific by Car." A talk by the Dowager Marchioness of Reading. 8-5 p.m. "The Roosters." 8-45 p.m. The Bournemouth Municipal Orchestra. Leader, Bertram Lewis; conductor, Richard Austin. From The Pavilion Bournemouth. 10-0 p.m. The News and Announcements. 10-20 p.m. Dance Music.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.
8-0 a.m. Gujarati Selections. Vasant Naik. Gujarati Folk Story. "Sitarno Shokhin Wandro" Columbia Gujarati Comle party. "Wahuna Warjhoda." (Recorded) Columbia. 8-15 Light Music. Soni Bai Mulgoker with Saranji Harmonium and Tabla. 9-15 The VUB I. Orchestra. Pitu. Bhairavi. 1 p.m. Available Market Rates. Leo Goutkin and His Russian Trio. Leo Goutkin—Violin. Rudolph Kougell—Cello. Michael Beno—Piano. 6-0 A Miscellany. 6-45 Piano Concerto Beethoven Concert No. 4 in G. Major. William Backhaus. (Pianoforte). London Symphony Orchestra. Conducted by Sir Landon Ronald. (Recorded). 7-15 "About the Home." Symposium: "Beautiful Homes: Introducing Ideas of Yesterday and To-day in English and Indian Homes." 7-30 A Programme of Dance Music. (Recorded) Brunswick. 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 Talk (English): "Foreign Affairs." E. J. Gough. 9-15 The News. 9-30 Sitara. Solos. By Prof. Mohamed Khan. 10-0 South Indian Music. Lalita Venkatram with her veena. Nijmaramam—Umapaina. Saraguna—Ketargowla. Bagaratna—Reeti.

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Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres 882 kc/s.
8 a.m. Indian Music (Recorded). Narayan Rao Vyas—Asa and Bageshwari. Zohra Jan—Ghazal. Miss Sarju—Dadras. Zamiruddin—Thumri. Kafi and Chait. Miss Prova and Dhumi Khan—Duet and get. Fazi-I-Ilahi—Ghazals. Akhtari Bai (Faizabadi)—Dadras. Indubala—Dadras. Bangalore Studio Orchestra—Puriya and Behag. 9-0 Talk. (Hindustani): "Famous Hindi Authors". No. 3. Bihari. By Sundar Lal. "Garg." 9-15 Saraswati Bai of Bombay. "Sakal dukh tumhin naran". Khayal Anand Bhairon (Jhaptala). "Hori khelan ayo Pham". Thumri Bhairvin. "Dri dri to na din". Tarana Bhairvin. 9-45 M. Rafique Ghaznavi. Classical and Light Music. 10-20 AIR Orchestra. Megh Ranjini.

1-0 p.m. An Operatic Programme. (Recorded) Ham Bhi Hain. A programme arranged for women. 2-0 A Duet. 2-5 The News. 2-15 Music. (Amateur) 2-30 Talk. "The work of the Municipality". No. 3. City Education by Mrs. Nayak. 2-40 Dadra. 2-45 Talk: "Household Remedies". No. 3. Aches and Pains. By Anuman Ara Begam. 2-50 Flute (Solo). 5-0 1st News and Weather Report (English). 5-10 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 5-20 AIR Orchestra. Reva. (With an introduction to the Ragini). 5-35 M. Rafique Ghaznavi. Classical and Light Music. 6-5 Sitara. 6-15 Talk (Hindustani): "Indian Music". No. 2. Folk Songs. By M. Rafique Ghaznavi. 6-30 "For Villagers Only". (Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates at 7-30 p.m.) 7-30 Saraswati Bai of Bombay. "Maen piya ke bichhore". Asthal Sri Tanai. "Palvan parun tore Yashodha ke dilare". Asthal Desh. "Eri han ri nonandiyar". Thumri Tilak Khammaj. 8-0 Talk. (Hindustani): "Twice told Tales". No. 6. Familiar Legends (Arabic). By Molana Aslam Jairopuri. 8-15 AIR Orchestra. Darbari Kandra. 8-20 Saraswati Bai of Bombay. "Yeshodha Nandkarat Chhand". Dadra Tilak. 8-30 Play (Hindustani): "Nai-Rasani" by Mohammad Fazlur-Rahman. Performed by AIR Artists. 9-15 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 Talk (English): "The Patient's Dilemma". No. 1 Tuberculosis. By Major General Sir Cuthbert A. Sprawson. (A series of talks on the aetiology of certain diseases, their prevention and cure). 10-0 "Dance Melodies—Old and New" (Recorded).

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. 49.10 metres, 6100 kc/s. (Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time). 12-36 p.m. SB The Radio Setette. Leader: Robert Schwarzenberger. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 "For School Students" A Debate. 2-6 Bengali Song. Ashu Mullick. 2-16 The Fine Arts. Basanta Kumar Ganguli. 2-31 Vocal Items. Tulidas. 2-51 p.m. Talk: "The Mascot." By Mrs. Nominia Chatterjee. 3-6 p.m. Time Signal. Close down. 5-6 p.m. Time Signal. "In the Villages." 5-36 p.m. A Variety Programme. By The Members of Sangit Bharati. Under the direction of Dulal Ch. Mitra. 6-36 p.m. The Betar Orchestra. Conducted by Tarak Nath Dey. 6-46 p.m. Modern Bengali Song. Provabaty. 7-6 p.m. Bengali Thumri. Ashalata. 7-26 p.m. The Betar Orchestra. 7-36 p.m. Bhajan. Kankabaty. 7-51 Kiran. Gopal Chandra Sen Gupta. 8-6 p.m. SB Talk: "Foundations of Indian Music". No. 8. By Suresh Chandra Chakravarty. 8-21 p.m. SB Kheyal ("Basant"). Tarapada Chakravarty. 8-41 p.m. SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In Bengali). 8-46 p.m. SB The News and Announcements. 9-1 p.m. SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In English). 9-6 p.m. SB The News and Announcements. 9-21 p.m. SB Debate (English). "Bachelor vs. Married Man." G. Stevens. for Bachelor. S. Blackwood. for Married Man. 9-36 p.m. SB "Mere Frivolity" A Radio Variety. Lorna Mayer. "Comedienne. Ross and Parke. Comedy Duo. Cyril Trent. Piano Syncoptions.

Mysore Programme

6-30 to 8 p.m. (i) Kannada Drama; (ii) Humorous Recitals by Mrs. Harriet L. M.B.E. of "The Lee School of Dramatic Art". Ban

Phohi Programme

Wavelength 25.57m
19-00 National anthem—opening announcement. 19-10 Violoncello recital by Reiner Bresser. 19-30 Talk on behalf of the V.P.R.O. 19-45 Reading. 20-05 Violoncello recital cantid. 20-20 Cooking talk. 19-40 Reading Contd.



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Nawanagar Carries Ranji Trophy

Bengal Assam Defeated By 256 Runs

Losers Put Up Stern Fight: Skinner Knocks Up 125

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Nawanagar (1st Innings)	424
Bengal and Assam (1st Innings)	315
Nawanagar (2nd Innings)	383
Bengal and Assam (2nd Innings)	236

Nawanagar carried the Ranji Trophy this morning when they finished the remaining three batsmen for Bengal-Assam for a total of 236 and thus winning the finals by 256 runs.

The final encounter was remarkable for a number of sane features, such as Mankad's tall score of 185 in the first innings and Mubarak Ali's last man score of 90.

There can be little doubt that the winners were a superior team and well-deserved the victory. The losing side, on the other hand, exceeded expectations of the general public and played a well-fought out game.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 10.

Punctually at 10-30 a.m. this morning, Skinner and S. Bose, Bengal and Assam's overnight not outs, resumed their innings, facing the attack of Wensley and Mubarak Ali.

This pair could hardly add 6 runs to their overnight total of 204, when Skinner was caught by Marshall at cover-point off Wensley. (210-7-125).

Khambata joined S. Bose and these two carried the total to 226 only, when S. Bose was out 1-b-w to Wensley. (226-8-20).

This brought Alexander and Khambata together but the innings was not to last much longer, as Alexander was soon after cleverly stumped by Abdul Aziz off Wensley. This was closing out the end. Bengal and Assam's last man, Gourley, did not bat as he was ill and their innings came to an end with a total of 236. (236-9-5).

Nawanagar thus won the much coveted Ranji Trophy in the cricket championship of India by a good margin of 256 runs. Wensley, the Nawanagar Skipper, got all the remaining three wickets this morning and led his team to victory, his analysis this morning being 6.1 overs, 15 runs and 3 wickets.

BENGAL AND ASSAM 2ND INNINGS.

Miller c Abdul Aziz b Marshall	41
Behrend c Ranbir b Amar Singh	5
K. Bose 1-b-w (N) b Amar Singh	0
Skinner c Marshall b Wensley	125
Van der Gucht 1-b-w b Marshall	2
Kemal c Manilal b Yadvendra	18
Bhattacharjee c Vinoo b	



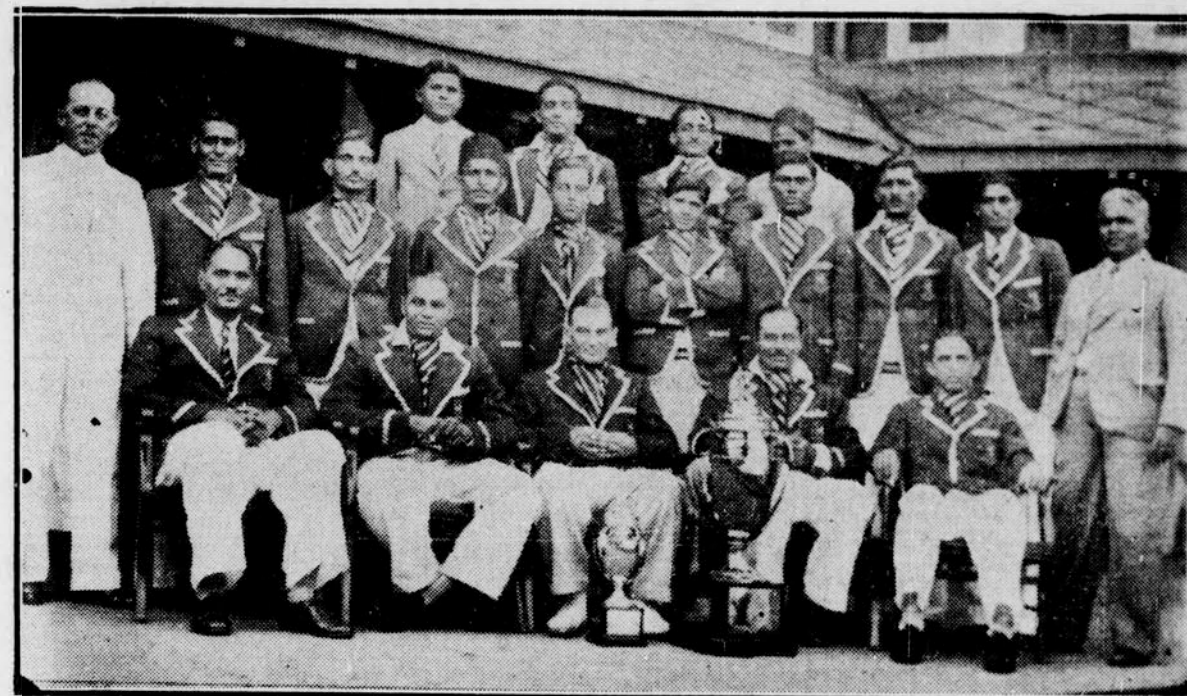
Mubarak Ali who, as last man, hit 90.

Wensley	3
S. Bose 1-b-w b Wensley	20
Khambata (not out)	9
Alexander stumped Aziz b Wensley	5
Gourley (did not bat as he was ill).	
Extras	8

Total	236
O.	9
M.	7
R.	72
W.	2

Amar Singh	28	7	72	2
Mubarak Ali	15	3	32	0
Wensley	18.1	4	46	4
Marshall	7	1	21	2
Yadvendra	5	0	32	1
Manilal	4	0	13	0
Ranvir	5	1	12	0

Fall of wickets:—9-1; 9-2; 101-3; 103-4; 141-5; 183-6; 210-7; 226-8; 236-9; 236-10.



Nawanagar team who won the Ranji Trophy defeating Bengal and Assam

INDIAN LADY CRICKETERS TO VISIT ENGLAND

Will Play Matches Against Women's "Test" Team

(From Our Correspondent).

CALCUTTA, Feb. 8. The interesting announcement is made that the Indian Women's Athletic Union of Calcutta are planning to send an All-India Women's Cricket Team, under the captaincy of Miss Leela Das, to England next cricket season.

The All-India Women's Cricket Tourists, it is said, will not only play a number of matches against some of the leading women's cricket clubs in England, but they will also play a match or two against the Australian Women's "Test" team, who will arrive in England this year to play "Test" matches against the English Women's "Test" team, consisting of some of the "crack" players, who toured Australia in 1935 and won all the "Test" matches played there.

Money Problem Solved.

Miss Vira Ray, Secretary of the Indian Women's Athletic Union of Calcutta, in an interview stated that the Maharaja of Santosh has agreed to bear all the expenses of the tour provided the Union succeeds in getting together a really strong team.

RACE MARRED BY ACCIDENTS

LUCKNOW, Feb. 9. The Lucknow Hunt point-to-point races held last evening were marred by a couple of accidents, as a result of which two horses died on the spot and one was injured and Mr. Studd of 14/20th Hussars broke his collarbone while riding in a light weight event.—A. P.



D. F. Wensley, Captain of the Nawanagar Eleven, winners of the Ranji Trophy in the Cricket Championship of India, with the Cup soon after the match on Wednesday morning.

M. C. C. 380 IN FIRST INNINGS.

CANBERRA, Feb. 10.

The M. C. C. had made 245 for four wickets at tea.

The M. C. C. were all out in their first innings for 380.

At close of play the Country XI had made one for the loss of one wicket.

Stumps were drawn early due to bad light.—Reuter.

A communique states that information has been received from Lord Chamberlain that His Majesty the King-Emperor has approved of the following order and form for loyal toasts in the Indian Empire: (1) The King-Emperor; (2) The Queen-Empress; Queen Mary and other members of the Royal Family.

SCINDIA A. I. GOLD CUP HOCKEY

Gwalior Beats Delhi Orientals

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, February 9. The Gwalior Team beat Delhi Orientals by three goals to nil in the final of the Scindia All-India Gold Cup Hockey Tournament. Rupsingh, international player, playing for Gwalior team scored a goal from a difficult angle.

The Delhi team although it lost the match gave a tough fight.

Mr. E. C. Gibson, Resident Gwalior, gave away the prizes.

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AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Nineteen persons were arrested in the raid on a gambling den last night by Sub-Inspector Sawant of Nagpada Police Station, which was not without its comic aspect.

It appears some persons were gambling on the third floor of the Doctor Building in Bapty Road when they heard the alarm of the police raid, they began to run helter-skelter.

To avoid to be in clutches of the Police, Revakhand Ramdas, jumped from the third floor of a building yesterday and was seriously injured.

The Nagpada Police, having received the formation that card gambling was going on the third floor of the Doctor Building, raided the place last night.

When Revakhand Ramdas saw that the police were after him he jumped from the third floor to avoid their clutches.

It so happened that a Jewish woman, aged about 35 years, was walking along the footpath, and Revakhand Ramdas, who jumped from the third floor, fell on her, and she also received some injuries.

Both Revakhand Ramdas and the woman are detained in the J. J. Hospital for the treatment.

The police have effected 19 arrests and seized some cards and Rs. 250 during the raid.

Rama Vithoo Burud and Whaklu Tulsiram Hande were arrested yesterday on a charge of dacoity and theft of Rs. 1,040/12/6 on October 2, 1936, from the house of Uma Tikhamji Marwari residing at Kohinde.

The suspects were remanded in Police custody till February 19, by Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon to-day.

Letters stated to have been written to non-existent doctors in the city for full settlement of dues in respect of medicine supplied to them passed through the Dead Post Office for a long time.

Then the Kikani Medicine supplying company at Sandhurst Road, started inquiries and it is stated found a canvasser and bill-

PLAN TO BREAK JAWAHAR'S MEETING DENIED

Patil Says None Contemplated Such Move And Rebukes Nimbkar

A handbill over the signatures of Messrs. R. S. Nimbkar and R. K. Bhogle, Honorary Secretaries of the B. P. T. U. C. Election Committee, alleges that the Congress officials in the Parel area had planned to send a hired contingent with Red Flags and T. U. C. slogans to P. Jawahar's meeting and try to break it up and then throw the blame on the Trade Union Congress.

The handbill adds:—
We warn the public against this conspiracy. The Lalbaugh Congress meeting of Sunday last was broken by such a trick and as a result two drunken rowdies declaring themselves to be staunch "Congressmen", were fined in the Court.

"Since the Dadar meeting is not in our Election area and we have no workers' candidate there, we do not propose to attend the meeting to put our view point before the public and the President."

In the course of a reply Mr. S. K. Patil writes:—

"Mendacious Propaganda"

"I have come across a handbill over the joint signatures of Mr. R. S. Nimbkar and Mr. R. K. Bhogle making a clever suggestion that there would be an attempt by Congressmen supported by me to break Pandit Jawahar's meeting at Dadar, with the object of downing the so-called labour leaders like Mr. Nimbkar and his friends in the eyes of the Congress.

"I must frankly confess that this is an astounding piece of mendacious propaganda to which it is impossible to find a parallel in this country.

"The handbill clearly suggests that these friends want to create some confusion at Pandit Jawahar's meeting and then throw the onus of it on somebody else's head. This is the meanest of tactics that any man with common sense can employ and my friend Mr. Nimbkar and his gang must understand that the people of Bombay are not gullible enough to gulp these tactics without carefully examining them."

"Mr. Nimbkar has very innocently stated in the handbill that he and his friends are not contemplating to attend Pandit Jawahar's meeting.

"This is intended as a screen to hide the nefarious purpose in which I am afraid, they are engaged. The tension which the elections have created will, no doubt, disappear soon after the elections are over but Mr. Nimbkar and his friends must realise that

collector absented himself suddenly. They took stock of the medicine stored and examined their books of account.

It was then found that a sum of Rs. 525 was missing.

The matter was reported to the Mahabouri Police who arrested Mahadeo Narayan More, the canvasser-cum-bill-collector.

The suspect was placed before Mr. I. N. Menta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, to-day, by the Police.

Application for bail was granted by the Magistrate, pending further Police inquiries.

The City Coroner held an inquest to-day on the body of Laxmi Bai Ramdas (32), residing at Poibawdi, Parel.

She had lighted a coal sikhri and while she was moving about the room, her sar caught fire, as a result of which, she sustained burns. She was removed to K. E. M. Hospital, where she died this morning.

The Jury returned a verdict of death by shock from extensive burns, accidentally sustained from a coal sikhri.

The City Coroner held an inquest to-day on the body of Bhaga Ganya (20), residing at De Lisle Road.

He had been suffering from epileptic fits. On Monday last, he had a fit and ran downstairs under its influence. His father ran after him. As he was running down the stair case of the 1st floor, the youth fell down and fractured his thigh bone. He was removed to K. E. M. Hospital, where he died last night.

The Jury returned a verdict of death due to accidental fall during an epileptic fit.

Falzmohamed Adam was arrested yesterday at noon on a charge of theft of Rs. 5-2/- from the pocket of a man who fell asleep on the lawn in Victoria Gardens.

The victim had been to Victoria Gardens, he sat on the lawn and fell asleep.

He was remanded into police custody till February 19, as the inquiries are pending, by Mr. I. S. Haji, at Mazagaon Court, to-day.

the poisonous atmosphere which they are creating by the third-class methods which they are employing in their electioneering campaign is bound to vitiate the public life in the city for a long time to come...."

ENSURING CLOSE CO-OPERATION

Cotton Buyers' Association Formed

The following Press Note has been issued by the Cotton Buyers' Association:—

The question of the need for collective organization has for some time past been engaging the attention of the Buying Side of the Cotton Trade of the City. The other sections of the Trade, namely, the Brokers and Mucadams, have already fairly strong and representative organisations, capable of effectively voicing the views of their members on all important questions coming up for consideration before the East India Cotton Association from time to time. It was felt that an Association of Buyers of Cotton would tend to ensure a balance representation of the Buyers' Panel on the Board of the East India Cotton Association, and would provide a medium through which the considered views of mills and exporters of cotton could be brought to bear on all matters dealt with by the Board of the East India Cotton Association.

DECISION AT TUESDAY'S MEETING

The position was considered at a large and representative gathering of Cotton Mills and Exporting Firms in the City, held on Tuesday, (9th February 1937), Sir Joseph Kay, Kt., of Messrs. W. H. Brady & Co. Ltd., presided, and it was decided to form a Cotton Buyers' Association in order primarily to ensure closer co-operation and collaboration between the various members of the Buying side of the Trade on all major issues connected with the Trade.

The offices of the new organization would, for the time being, be located in the Millowners' Association (Patel House, Churchgate Street, Fort), and, in the first instance, all Firms who are at present enrolled on the Buyers' Panel of the East India Cotton Association would be eligible for membership.

An influential Committee was also appointed to frame suitable rules and regulations, and to submit proposals in connection with the immediate programme of work of the Association.

Mr. J. R. Kay, of Messrs. W. H. Brady & Co. Ltd., agreed to act as Honorary Secretary to the Association.

BAN ON EXPORT OF GRAIN

Sequel To Insufficiency Of Stock In Panch Mahals

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

In view of the insufficiency of grain stock in the Panch Mahals the export by rail of maize, jowari and gram from any station on the B.B. & C.I. Railway within the limits of the Panch Mahals has been prohibited, unless it is specially authorised by the Collector of Broach and Panch Mahals.

VOTING FOR WOMEN'S SEATS

Misapprehensions Cleared

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

There still appears some misapprehension among the public regarding the right to vote in the constituencies for women of the Bombay Legislative Assembly. These are special territorial constituencies set up to elect women's representatives to the legislature, but the right to vote is not restricted exclusively to women, but men electors on the electoral roll of such constituencies are also entitled to vote.

There is also the converse case. In all constituencies, territorial or special, including General, Muhammadan, Indian Christian, University, etc., the right to elect representatives is not confined to men voters alone, but is given to women voters as well. All those who are on the electoral rolls of various constituencies, whether men or women, are entitled to vote at the general elections. There are special polling arrangements for women voters.

WIDESPREAD RAIN IN KASHMIR

POONA, Feb. 10.

Western disturbances have caused fairly widespread rain or snow in Kashmir and east and north Punjab with a few dust or thunderstorms along the north-west Frontier in Sind and west Rajasthan. Thunderstorms have also been widespread in north-east India and occurred locally in United Provinces, East Central India and east Central Provinces.

The Chief Amounts of Rainfall are:—Murree, Mussoree and Sonamarg one and half inches each; Simla one.

Forecast:—Local thunderstorms are likely to recur in and western Himalayas in United Provinces, Chota Nagpur, South Bengal and Assam and extend in upper Burma. Scattered dust or thunderstorms may also occur in Gujarat, Sind and Central parts of the country.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 10-2-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus 0.14 inches
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 73.3 degrees
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 68.3 degrees
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 81.4 degrees 0.7 (below normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 69.6 degrees 3.1 (above normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 80 per cent
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ESE
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 8 miles per hour
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 136 miles
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 16 miles per hour
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) trace

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 10-2-1937
At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature

MALPRACTICES AT ELECTIONS

Warning To Voters

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

The attention of the public is invited to the law relating to malpractices at elections. The Indian Penal Code specifically deals with bribery, undue influence and personation at elections, all of which are punishable with imprisonment extending to one year, with fine, or with both.

Personation is commonly noticed at various elections and the offence is defined as follows:—

"Whoever at an election applies for a voting paper or votes in the name of any other person, whether living or dead, or in a fictitious name, or who having voted once at such election applies at the same election for a voting paper in his own name, and who ever abets, procures or attempts to procure the voting by any person in any such way, commits the offence of personation at an election."

The public are warned against all such malpractices. At the recent Bombay Municipal by-election five cases of alleged personation came to light. Three of these cases have already been decided at the Mazagaon Police Court and each of the accused was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 60 fine.

76.6 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.13 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.94 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level

"MATRIC MASSACRE" IN SENATE

No Condonation Of Certain Cases Of Failure

AN ECHO OF THE "Matric Massacre" agitation in the City and Presidency of Bombay was heard at the annual meeting of the Bombay University Senate, when it met for its third day's sitting on Wednesday.

There were altogether three resolutions on the agenda about this subject. Dr. B. G. Vad and Mr. M. R. Paranjpe had given notice of resolutions which sought to condone certain cases of failure at the examination.

Miss G. J. Bahadurji had given notice of a resolution which sought to separate the tests for entrance to the University and for completing secondary education.

At Monday's sitting Mr. Paranjpe had moved for and obtained precedence for his motion over Dr. Vad's on the ground that his resolution was wider, and included Dr. Vad's resolution.

Mr. Paranjpe's resolution reads as follows:—

"Before publishing the results of the Matriculation Examination, the Syndicate shall submit the results to a meeting of the Moderators (or Examiners) in the different subjects in which the examination is held, and obtain a report on the desirability of condoning certain cases of failure at the examination: Provided that the Syndicate shall condone only such failures as are recommended for condonation by not less than two-thirds of the Moderators (or Examiners) present at the meeting."

The motion was lost.
Dr. Vad's motion was also lost. Miss Bahadurji's resolution was ruled out of order.

They're OFF!



4th DAY BOMBAY RACES 1937

FEBRUARY 13th

RAJPIPLA GOLD CUP

FIRST RACE 2 P.M.

REDUCED ADMISSION RATES
1st Enclosure Gentlemen Rs. 3.
Ladies Rs. 2.
2nd Enclosure Rs. 1-4
(All prices inclusive of tax)

SPECIAL RETURN BUS
SERVICES EACH RACE DAY
FROM COLABA, DADAR,
BALLARD ESTATE.

BOMBAY
RACES
1937

5th DAY
20th FEB.
(Byculla lub Cup)

For Healthy Sport and Pleasure Visit The

BOMBAY RACES

PATHE

3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.



"CHAMPAGNE WALTZ"

WITH
GLADYS SWARTHOUT
FRED MacMURRAY
JACK OAKIE

A beautiful picture with lovely songs, enchanting music and uproarious comedy

Also
THE FIRST ALL-COLOUR
FC EYE CARTOON
IN TWO-REELS
DON'T MISS IT

SAT. NEXT.



THINGS YOU'VE NEVER SEEN
BEFORE
Thrills You've Never Known Till
Now
A Paramount Super-picture.
Book your seats now 'Ph. 41561

THE EXCELSIOR

At 6-30 & 10 p.m.
J. B. PRIESTLEY'S
Great stage success.
"LABURNUM GROVE"
Starring
EDMUND GWENN
CEDRIC HARDWICKE
VICTORIA HOPPER

REGAL

DAILY at 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.



CAPITOL

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.



Special Added Attraction!
MISS ALOHA BAKER
The World's Most Travelled
Girl in a
PERSONAL STAGE APPEAR-
ANCE
By Special Request
Giving a short description of
her Travels and Adventures
illustrated by
HER OWN FILM

Skin Itch Cause Curbed Overnight

Your skin has nearly 50 million tiny seams and pores where germs hide and cause terrible itching, cracking, eczema, peeling, burning, acne, ringworm, psoriasis, blackheads, pimples, foot itch and other blemishes. Ordinary treatments give only temporary relief because they do not kill the germ cause. The new discovery, Nixoderm, kills the germs the very first night and is guaranteed to give you a soft, clear, attractive, smooth skin in one week, or money back. Get guaranteed Nixoderm from your chemist today and remove the real cause of skin trouble. The guarantee protects you.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL

ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Posh Vad 30, 1937
Muslim: Jikhad 28, 1305
Parsi: Shikherver 9, 1306
High tide: 9-04 12-01
Low tide: 6-12 17-35
Sunrise: 7h 10m
Sunset: 6h 37m
Bombay Legislative Council: General and Muslim Constituencies, polling, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Joint meeting of Indian and European Progressive Group: Sir Kallias Haksar will speak on "Indian States and Federation", Green's Restaurant, 6-30 p.m.
S. S. Stratnavor with Mails from London of Jan. 28 due at 1 p.m.

Friday, February 12.

Municipal Schools Committee: Sports Prize Distribution, Governor presiding, Gilder Tank ground, 4-30 p.m.
S. S. Kaisar-I-Hind with mails from London, sails at 1 p.m.
Bombay Races: Fourth Day of Big Meetings.

Saturday, February 13.

Bombay Legislative Assembly elections: Public Holiday.

Monday, February 15.

Bombay Legislative Assembly elections: Public Holiday.
Banks closed.
Polling: Muslim, Indian Christian, Indian Merchants' Chamber Constituencies, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Bombay Young Women's Christian Association: Annual public meeting, Lady Brabourne presiding, 6-30 p.m.

Tuesday, February 16.

Bombay Legislative Assembly elections: Polling: Women's (Muslim) Constituency, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Wednesday, February 17.

Bombay Legislative Assembly elections: Public Holiday; Banks closed; Polling: City and Suburban general Constituency, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

GUJARATI HINDU STRI MANDAL

Gujarati Hindu Stri Mandal, Bombay, will congratulate Mrs. Maneklal Premchand on her election as Vice-President of the International Council of Women to-day (Thursday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the Blavatsky Lodge.

"BIRTH CONTROL WORLD-WIDE"

Mrs. Edith How Martyn will speak on "Birth Control World-wide" at 5-45 p.m. to-day (Thursday) at an "At Home" arranged by Lady Jehangir at Ready-money House, Nepean Sea Road.

"SPIRIT OF ISLAM"

"The Spirit of Islam" will be the subject of a friendly talk by Prof. Mahmood Azharani at Damascus at Jamiat's Hall (128, Nagdevi St.) to-day (Thursday) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.)

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION

Professor Miss S. Pandarikar will meet her students in "Principles of Education" to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Offices of the Association.

WINDFALL FOR MEDICOS

R. M. Bhatt Trust Offers
1,50,000 For G. M. College Hostel

The provision of a new and up-to-date hostel for students at the Grant Medical College, Bombay, has been an urgent necessity for a long time. An appeal for funds was, therefore, issued to past students of the College by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay in 1936, in response to which an amount of Rs. 13,500 has been collected so far. In the meantime the Trustees of the late Mr. Ramchandra M. Bhatt, C.B.E., has offered voluntarily a munificent donation of Rs. 1,50,000 for the construction of the hostel, to be named after the late Mr. Bhatt. They have consented to construct the hostel building, through their own architects and contractors, according to plans and specifications to be approved by Government and under the supervision of Public Works Department officers. Government have been pleased to accept this very generous offer. It is hoped that the new hostel for students so urgently needed will be an accomplished fact in the very near future.

Any sums hitherto collected and any collected hereafter in response to the appeal of the Surgeon-General will be put at the disposal of the Trustees to enable them to complete the building.

INDIAN PROGRESSIVE GROUP.

A joint meeting of the Indian and European Progressive Groups will be held to-day (Thursday), at Green's Hotel at 6-30 p.m. when Col. Sir Kallias Haksar, member of the Council of Gwalior State will speak on "Indian States and Federation". The meeting is open to all members and their guests.

AMUSEMENTS

OF THE DAY

CENTRAL—"Tukaram"

Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

CAPITOL—"Daniel Boone"

Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EXCELSIOR—"Laburnum Grove"

Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EMPIRE—"The Garden of Allah"

Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Baghi-Sipahi"

Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Destiny"

Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

MAJESTIC—"Dharmaveer"

Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

MINERVA—"Daiti Kusum"

Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

OPERA HOUSE—"Izzat"

Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

PATHE—"Champagne Waltz"

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PLAZA—"Strike Me Pink"

Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

REGAL—"Ladies in Love"

Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROXY—"Village Girl"

Time as usual.

WELLINGTON—"Dharmaveer"

Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

WEST END—"Gay Prince"

Time as usual.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION

"Press telegrams may be accepted via I.R.C. for Portuguese East Africa at five annas per word for Lourenco Marques and Inhambane (towns and districts) and seven annas per word for all other offices."

DHRUVA ON LITERATURE

Under the auspices of Shree Tarun Gujarati Sahitya Sabha, Prof. Anandshanker Dhruva, the ex-Principal of Benares Hindu University, will discuss on "Old and New Literature" to-day (Thursday) at 7-30 p.m. at Forbes Sahitya Hall, Congress House Lane, Vithalbhai Patel Road.

POSTAL NOTICES

Superscribed unregistered mails for Italy and Austria per s.s. "M. V. Victoria" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 1-30 p.m. on Friday, the 12th instant, instead of as previously notified.

Mails for Seychelles, British and Portuguese East Africa, Tanganyika Territory, Zanzibar, Union of South Africa, Lourenco, Marques, Rhodesia and Nyasaland per s.s. "Karanja" will be accepted at the Bombay General Post Office as shown below:—

Parcel mail upto 5 p.m. on Tuesday the 16th February 1937.

Registered and unregistered correspondence upto 12 noon on Wednesday the 17th February 1937.

Registered and unregistered correspondence only for Mauritius, Reunion, and Madagascar Ports, will also be accepted upto 12 noon on Wednesday, the 17th February 1937 for despatch by the above steamer.

Superscribed registered and unregistered mails for Lourenco, Marques and South Africa, per s.s. "Luxmi" via Madras and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Saturday the 13th instant.

WARDHA, Feb. 10.

Seth Jamnabai Bajaj and Srimati Janaki Devi Bajaj have issued the following appeal to the voters of the Bombay Presidency:

"February 11, is the day of polling for the Upper Chamber. We intended starting for Bombay to give our votes to Mrs. Hansabai Mehta and Mr. Ratilal Gandhi, Congress nominees, for the Upper Chamber. We could then have seen and appealed to you personally to vote for Congress. But, owing to the pressure of election work in our Province, we might not be able to do so. We, therefore, appeal to all voters of Bombay to vote for the Congress nominees, and we hope that they will do it and will not forfeit their honour and prestige of showing that Bombay has fully identified itself with the Congress.—United Press.

AT KUMBHARWADA 5TH LANE

Under the auspices of "C" Ward Parliamentary Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Thursday) at 9 p.m. at Kumbharwada 5th Lane, Mr. K. F. Nariman will preside and Messrs. Nagindas Master, S. K. Patil, Ganapatisankar Desai, Yusuf Meheralli, Mansighji Jagtap and Manilal Sheth will speak.

AT BHANDUP

Under the auspices of the Bombay "G" Ward and Suburban District Joint Election Committee a public meeting will be held to-day (Thursday), at 7 p.m. at Bhandup, opposite Maruti Temple when Messrs Gokulbhai Bhat, V. S. Bapat, B. R. Durendhar, and the Congress candidates Messrs B. G. Kher, D. N. Wandrekar and S. G. Songaonkar and others will address the meeting.

AT MULUND

Under the auspices of the Bombay "G" Ward and Suburban District Joint Election Committees a public meeting will be held to-day (Thursday) at 9 p.m. at Nawa-pada, Mulund, when Messrs Gokulbhai Bhat, V. S. Bapat, B. R.



Mrs. Hansa Mehta



Mr. Ratilal Gandhi

Vote For Hansa Mehta And Ratilal Gandhi VOTERS' DUTY TO-DAY

The first election in Bombay will come off to-day (Thursday) February 11 when the voters of the Bombay Provincial Legislative Council (Upper House) will have an opportunity to show that they stand wholeheartedly by the Congress by returning Mrs. Hansa Mehta and Mr. Ratilal Gandhi, the two Congress nominees.

There are four seats allotted to Bombay City and Suburban District General Constituency and the Congress Parliamentary Board has put up these two candidates.

EVERY VOTE COUNTS

Each voter has four votes to cast which he can distribute in any manner he likes. Considering the fact that there are no less than six other candidates, we appeal to each and every Congress-minded voter to go to the polling booth and divide his or her four votes equally between Mrs. Hansa Mehta and Mr. Ratilal Gandhi. In this election where the number of voters is small every vote will count. Let not therefore, a single vote be wasted, or unequally divided.

We are confident that the citizens of Bombay will once again prove as they have so often done before that their vote is a vote for the Congress.

SAROJINI NAIDU, BULABHAI J. DESAI, K. M. MUNSHI, K. F. NARIMAN, B. G. KHER.

JAMNALAL BAJAJ'S APPEAL

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AT MULUND

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BAD COMPLEXION?

Are blemishes spoiling your complexion? No amount of make-up can ever hide those aggravating spots.

A delicious and refreshing glass of ENO'S "Fruit Salt" first thing every morning will ensure that internal cleanliness so essential to a beautiful skin.

ENO is prepared only from the finest ingredients. It contains no purgative mineral salts, no sugar or artificial flavouring matter. In its fine powder and highly concentrated form ENO is more economical in use and better value than the so-called substitutes. Buy a bottle today.



ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

Sold Everywhere in Three Sizes:

REGULAR 4-oz.

Small Trial 1-oz. Large Household 8-oz.

ASTHMA CURED!

If you suffer from Asthma read the letter below and realise that

HAU-MAS-BRO

will be as prompt and effective in your case as it has been in so many others.

V.J. Hospital, 3, Bhamburda Road, Calcutta, 85. S. 36.

Dear Sirs,

My Servant was for years suffering frequently from acute Asthma so badly that he was quite unfit for work.

Over a year ago he was given a couple of bottles of HAU-MAS-BRO and Loverton, which have apparently cured him completely for since "man" it he has had no return of the attacks, is now quite "broke" and putting on flesh and has not even had an ordinary winter cough.

You may make use of this testimony if you so desire, as I think an Asthma remedy so successful as yours deserves to be more widely known.

Yours faithfully,
J. Subramanian

V.J. Hospital, 3, Bhamburda Road, Calcutta.

Agents: BELI RAM & BROS., 304, Princess Street, Bombay, 2.

Distribution: FRUGINET & CO., 5, Dalhousie Square, B.O. Calcutta, from whom a trial outfit may be had for 5 annas in stamps.

BOMBAY CYCLISTS' PROCESSION

The Secretary, writes:—

"The Election Committee of the 'C' Ward Congress Parliamentary Committee a Cyclists' procession on Saturday (15th instant) with a view to carry on propaganda for the candidature of Messrs B. G. Kher, D. N. Wandrekar and S. G. Songaonkar set up by the Congress for the 'G' Ward and Suburban District.

All the cyclists from Bandra and the Suburban District are invited to join the procession, which would start from Pinto Building, Hill Road, Bandra, opposite Mary Building, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) The cyclists are required to bring the cycles of their own. The procession will be led by Mr. T. P. Kola-wala.

Cyclists' Procession At Bandra

The Secretary, writes:—

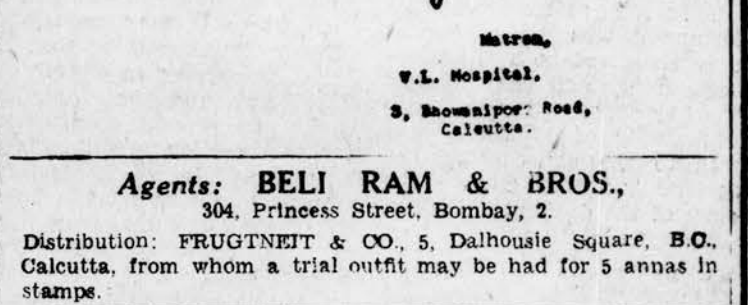
"The Election Committee of Bandra has arranged a mass cyclist procession on Saturday (15th instant) with a view to carry on propaganda for the candidature of Messrs B. G. Kher, D. N. Wandrekar and S. G. Songaonkar set up by the Congress for the 'G' Ward and Suburban District.

All the cyclists from Bandra and the Suburban District are invited to join the procession, which would start from Pinto Building, Hill Road, Bandra, opposite Mary Building, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) The cyclists are required to bring the cycles of their own. The procession will be led by Mr. T. P. Kola-wala.

Death Anniversary Of Late Mr. F. K. Banaji

The 86th death anniversary of late Mr. Framji Kavaji Banaji will be observed to-day (Thursday), at Cama Bag, Charni Road, as under:—9-30 a.m. Jashan ceremony; 9-30 a.m. Mr. Manekji K. Patel's speech on the life-work of the late Mr. F. K. Banaji. After the speech a free cinema show will be given at Krishna (Dubash) Theatre, followed by a dinner to children and ladies. The function is organised, as usual, by Mr. Behmon S. Banaji, a lineal descendant of the late Mr. F. K. Banaji.

Built to a Supreme Standard



The B.S.A. standards of workmanship and materials ensure that all B.S.A. Bicycles will stand up to every demand made upon them. They are built for real service, are easy running, and inexpensive—the ideal bicycles for every purpose. B.S.A. Bicycles are stocked by all good dealers.

B.S.A. Bicycles

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1937

VOTE CONGRESS

The election for the Bombay Legislative Council under the new regime will be held to-day, and it is at once the privilege and the duty of the voters of the Presidency in general and this city in particular to see that every Congress candidate is returned to the Council at the top of the polls. To-day's elections begin a memorable week for the people of Bombay, and the successes that will be registered to-day will serve as harbingers of more triumphs to come. The electorate for the Bombay Council is necessarily narrow; it is, therefore, all the more incumbent upon each and every voter in this city and the suburbs to ensure that his votes are cast exclusively for the Congress nominees for the Bombay City and Suburban District General Constituency, viz., Mrs. Hansa Mehta and Mr. Ratilal Gandhi. By sending those soldiers of the Congress to the very citadel of the new Constitution the voters will be giving the right reply to those who have framed and inflicted the mockery of the new Constitution upon us.

Bad as the Constitution is, the Second Chambers provided in it are one of its worst features. These bodies have been deliberately designed to be a dead-weight on the democratic element in the popular chambers, even against the views of some provincial Governments. In every free and progressive country the Second Chambers are being wholly eliminated or reduced to a position in which they can only delay but never stifle the legislation adopted by the popular chambers. Their being given a practically co-ordinate position with the Assemblies in India is evidently a design to nullify even the semblance of autonomy conceded to the provinces, to contract the certain dominion of the Congress in the Assemblies. But for that very reason it is the special duty of the liberty-loving public to frustrate that design and to return as many Congressmen as

possible to both the Houses of Legislature. For only then can there be a certain majority for the Congress even in a joint session of both the Houses, which will be necessary whenever the two disagree. Therefore, every seat contested by the Congress must be won for it. So far as Bombay City is concerned, it is pity enough, thanks to the narrow undemocratic franchise for the Council that only two of the four seats allotted to the City and suburbs are being contested by the Congress. The best way to make some amends for the loss of two seats is to secure the two contested ones with thumping majorities. This will be easy if every Congress-minded voter in the City divides his four votes equally between Mrs. Hansa Mehta and Mr. Ratilal Gandhi.

Apart from their being the Congress candidates, even in their individual capacities, Mrs. Mehta and Mr. Gandhi easily stand head and shoulders above the other candidates. Mrs. Mehta's name is as well-known in the Congress activities as it is in the women's movement. In both those spheres she has always been in the vanguard, and her courageous action in standing for election from the General Constituency bespeaks the spirit that dominates her public life. Mr. Ratilal Gandhi is also well-known in the business life of this city and has always championed the nationalist cause. He will be a worthy representative of the merchant community alike by his integrity, capacity and idealism. Both these candidates can be implicitly trusted to hold the Congress flag aloft, and not to shirk the call of service and sacrifice. The Council voters will be serving themselves by wholeheartedly responding to the appeal of the Congress. Let it be remembered that the choice to-day is not merely between Congress and non-Congress candidate, but between Swaraj and continued slavery.

Let Mr. Jinnah Answer—II

Yesterday we dealt mainly with that part of Mr. Jinnah's statement which related directly to the "Bombay Chronicle". We hope Mr. Jinnah and the machinery of the League will set themselves in motion and answer the—shall we say, "maligning" questions put by the "Bombay Chronicle". In the meantime, we publish elsewhere Mr. Brelvi's rejoinder to Mr. Jinnah. We suggest to Mr. Jinnah that it challenges an explanation from him in the interest of his own appeal against "personal vilification" and "misrepresentation". We do so because the innocent machinery of the League seems to us to suffer from the misfortune of not knowing its duties. In fact, so complete is its misfortune in this respect that it actually slandered both the Muslim community and the Muslim League by saying that a very large majority of Muslims was opposed to the non-co-operation movement. And it is still silent in spite of the demand to correct this misrepresentation.

Let us now revert to Mr. Jinnah's statement. Mr. Jinnah defines the creed of the Muslim League as "full democratic responsible Government for India", which incidentally reminds one of certain controversies regarding the difference between "Dominion Status" and "Responsible Government". And Mr. Jinnah raises also the question of the oath of allegiance. Now, in the first place, when did this become the "creed" of the Muslim League? Unless we are very much mistaken the "creed" as passed in 1920—and so far as we know, not changed since—is "the attainment of Swaraj by all legitimate and peaceful means". And in the debate in the Nagpur Session "Swaraj" was interpreted further to imply "within the Empire if possible; without, if necessary". We also recollect a certain correspondence at the time between Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah in which the latter said, "I also do not make a fetish of the British connection". In view of the creed of the Muslim League and in view of what he wrote to Mahatma Gandhi may we ask Mr. Jinnah what about the oath of allegiance that he has been taking ever since 1920 and what about his allegiance to the

League creed? We have an idea that the clever question was suggested to Mr. Jinnah by "the machinery of the League". Perhaps the machinery will now help him to explain his position. The question of creed brings us automatically to one of "the fundamental differences" with the Congress. "The Congress" says Mr. Jinnah, "stands for direct action. The Mussalmans are not prepared to such a course at present as it is bound to be suicidal under the present conditions". It is an irony and a cruel one that Mr. Jinnah of all men should speak on direct action on behalf of Mussalmans! But, apart from it, Congress too does not stand for direct action "under the present conditions". Then where is the fundamental difference? Unless it be that Mr. Jinnah is opposed to direct action in principle and that the phrase "under the present conditions" is merely a cautious addition meaning nothing? In which case, what happens to the method laid down in the creed of the League, namely, "by all legitimate and peaceful means"? Really it is rather difficult to understand Mr. Jinnah.

Mr. Jinnah complains that Mr. Brelvi "appealed to the religious sentiments of the voter" and quotes three instances, each of them is highly significant of Mr. Jinnah's own attitude and must be noted by his followers not only in Bombay but all over the country, wherever there are followers of Mr. Jinnah. Mr. Brelvi's answer, to which we invite the attention both of the Muslim voters and of Mr. Jinnah, fully deals with the three charges. What we want to emphasise here is that—we hope we are not misrepresenting Mr. Jinnah—he is against approaching the communal question in terms of religion or of "Islam-in-danger", that the question is not a question of "Islam-in-India", that, in fact, as Mr. Jinnah himself now announces, "The Muslim League wants to stand on principles and policies and wants to fight for the programme which is political." We welcome this announcement about the scope, of the policy, principles and programme of the Muslim League. We wish he had done so very much earlier and discharged a very important duty as the leader

Our Readers' Views

Complete Independence

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—I have just read your leading article on "Complete Independence" in your issue of February 2nd. May I venture to say that this article does not contain that clarity of thought and expression which one has a right to expect from the "Chronicle"? It confuses the issue and tones down the Congress demand for independence and thus is likely to mislead the public. What the Congress demand and objective are can be easily ascertained by reference to Congress resolutions as well as to the famous Congress Independence pledge which was first taken by millions of the Indian people on January 26th 1930. In this pledge it is stated at the end of the first paragraph that India must sever the British connection and attain Purna Swaraj or complete independence. Could any thing be clearer or more unequivocal than this?

I cannot enter into this question at length at present as I am continuously moving about. I have already written on this subject in my books and I would especially draw your attention to my answer to a question put to me in London. This is given at page 228 of my book "India and the World".

Briefly put, the position is that we can have no willing connection with Imperialist Britain. We cannot be even partners in an Imperialist concern. And so if Britain continues to be Imperialist we part company for the very basis of our Congress and freedom movement is anti-Imperialism. That does not mean isolation for us. We do not believe in cutting ourselves off from the rest of the world and we shall gladly work for the establishment of world peace and a world order based on political and social freedom. But Imperialism is the very negation of both these and so we cannot be parties to it in any form. Hence our demand for complete independence, and neither the shadow nor the substance of this will satisfy us but only the full article—You etc.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU
Allahabad, February 2, 1937.

Vote For Mr. Brelvi

Who Stood By Khilafat In Those Dark Days?

Mr. B. F. Bharucha has issued the following appeal to "My Muslim Friends":

Our memory is short. Sometimes, it is too short. And strange to say, when our memory is short, our tongue is long! That is exactly the impression, which Mr. Jinnah and his friends give us to-day; more so in their attack on Mr. Brelvi.

Will they tell us freely and frankly:—

- (1) What these worthies were doing in the dark days of the Khilafat, between 1918 and 1922?
- (2) How many meetings did they organise?
- (3) How many speeches did they deliver?
- (4) How many protests did they draft, move, second or support?
- (5) What collections did they make for those wounded in Smyrna?

If this writer's memory serves him aright, Mr. M. A. Jinnah and his friends were conspicuous by their absence, when Maulanas Mazharul Haque, Abdul Bari, Mahomed Ali and Shaikat Ali, Abul Kalam Azad and Dr. Ansari, Hakim Ajmal Khan and Dr. Syed Mahmood were fighting their hardest in the cause of the Khilafat under the able guidance of Mahatma Gandhi. And the one Paper in India, that took the most leading and active part in that campaign was the "Bombay Chronicle" then edited by the late lamented Marmaduke Pichkhail and Syed Abdullah. To misrepresent Brelvi to-day is mean, to depreciate his work is ingratitude. So my Muslim Friends, vote for Brelvi—a Friend of Islam and Friend of India.

of the Muslim League. For, if Mr. Jinnah has taken the trouble of keeping himself in touch with the speeches and pronouncements of his followers all over the country, and ever since he last resurrected the All-India Muslim League, he will accept the truth of our statement. It is precisely on the basis of the slogans "religion", "Islam-in-danger" and so on that propaganda has been carried on against Congress and Congress Muslims in favour of, as also on behalf of, the Muslim League. Evidently, his followers have been misunderstanding Mr. Jinnah and the Muslim League. Better late than never. We hope that even now this belated pronouncement direct from Mr. Jinnah will clear much of the air and make his followers revise drastically their mental attitude. We regret space does not permit our dealing with other parts of Mr. Jinnah's statement, which must be held over till to-morrow.

University Reform—II

Need For Remedying Growth Of Party Politics

By
A Special Contributor

The purpose of University being ill-defined; and its interpretation in reactionary hands having made it narrower still the actual working of the University reveals features, and creates difficulties, of which the public that pays for it has no conception. The varying emphasis upon the different University activities is due, not only to the varying conception of the purpose of the University entertained by the Vice-Chancellor for the time being in office; but also to the varying strength of the several groups in the University bodies.

Not the least of the defects of University administration is the growing Party sentiment. The politician's mentality rapidly developing would not permit a single problem of administrative detail, a single question of University governance being tackled, except with some ulterior Party end in view. Of course, those who mix most this sentiment in their dealing or doings are naturally the loudest in protesting their innocence of any such taint. But the fact remains, and is well known to everyone having the slightest connection with the University, that from the highest to the lowest, those actually administering the affairs, appear to suffer from this great pest, some more, some less; but all, at times; and each in one way or another.

Too Many Elections

The original sin is to be found in the innumerable elections to University authorities, which occupies a most disreputable proportion of the waking hours of the Dons and their attendant imps. The evil, it must be added, lies not only in the sinful frequency of elections; but also in the faulty principles and erroneous technique governing these elections. The intolerable frequency is caused, in the first instance, by the opinion of some quidnunc who appears to have advised that those elected at by-elections could hold office for the full statutory term. In the hands of a master-spirit in electioneering, like the ex-Principal of the Elphinstone College, this made an excellent weapon to transform the entire University into a sort of a registry office for the fiefs of Mr. Hamill. Thanks to the opportunities offered by the absence due to leave out of India

or convenient resignations at psychological moments, these specialists in managing elections succeeded in abolishing, for all practical purposes, anything like a general election by a series of by-elections; filled the places they secured for full statutory period; and so progressively helped to avoid any general election, where there could be the slightest danger of even a fraction of the seats going to their opponents.

Fundamentally Wrong

The evil of frequency is, however, intolerably magnified by the fundamentally erroneous principles according to which elections are ordered in the University. Under Section 48, every election to any authority in the University must be conducted on the basis of proportional representation by means of the Single Transferable Vote. This is an excellent principle for elections to purely political bodies, especially where definite Minorities have to be secured their due representation. Even so, the tendency of this device to accentuate Party sentiment cannot be denied. But when it is brought into operation for the election of University authorities which ought, on principle to be kept outside the bane of Party politics, its havoc can be more easily imagined than described.

One wonders what could have been the motive of those who first thrust this extremely delicate mechanism upon the University, when it is still conspicuous by its absence in the other public bodies in this country. There are discernible divisions in the University on what might be called Provincial lines. But the proper remedy to do justice to groups formed on such lines, lies—not in twisting fundamentally the basic lines of University administration by such ungenial devices; but in setting up "separate Universities" for the distinct linguistic provinces which make up the Bombay Presidency. If we would avoid the intensification of Provincial jealousies, and Party bitterness in University affairs, the first and the most urgent reform is to drop this method of Proportional Representation altogether.

Faulty Methods

Not only is the basic principle governing elections faulty, the

actual method of applying it in practice is still more offensive. Proportional Representation could have some meaning, some excuse, were there anything like a general election of the entire bodies to be elected. The principle of Rotation, however, which has been imposed by the same law that introduced the Proportional Representation has materially curtailed the field in which the device could be at all advantageously operated. And what remained of a "general election", even under the principle of rotation, was undone by the practice of permitting those elected at by-elections to hold office for the full term allowed by law.

Complicated

Constituencies

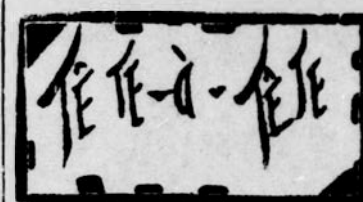
As if the mess was not already unsavoury enough, those who had the grouping or delimitation of constituencies in their mind, ded another dose of asafetida in the shape of splitting up and re-grouping constituencies in the most fantastic shapes imaginable. There are constituencies by territories, and crosswise there are further constituencies by status or occupation. Thus there are constituencies according to the regional divisions of the Presidency. In which, however, the voters voting may be the entire body, but the candidate must be a member of that particular territorial group.—and there are constituencies of College Principals,—subdivided again into Arts Colleges and others—University Teachers, High School Headmasters,—also divided regionally, not to mention electorates by Faculties, Boards of Studies or groups of Boards, etc.

Electioneering

In High Places

This wonderful chessboard offers endless employment and diversion to the adepts in playing it. In the University, however, everyone gets sooner or later infected by the epidemic. The virulence of the infection grows so ceaselessly that the highest and the lowest alike become election-mongers, of varying degrees of efficiency. There are, however, limits to which this University is to retain

(Continued on page 9 Col. 6)



WITHOUT COMMENT

"The way Indian elected members of other parties than the Congress Party have deserted the Legislative Assembly since they have been certain of the Congressmen not turning up there, is remarkable testimony of their readiness to trust Government to carry on by themselves the task of legislation, so long as there is no fear of the official front bench being under Congress influence."

—New Delhi Special Correspondent of "Times of India."

"It is in the interests of the electorate, which numbers roughly fifteen thousand, to return a body of elder statesmen who will conscientiously discharge the duties which devolve on them."

—"Times of India."

"The fundamental differences between the Congress ticket and the League," says Mr. Jinnah "are with regard to methods and principles."

We are glad he confesses as much.

"It is curious but true," says Bori Bunder's Indian Political Correspondent, commenting on Mahatma Gandhi's recent statement about the meaning of independence, "that even after a statement which is intended to clarify the position attempts are made in India to cloud issues again."

How very "curious but true," particularly in the present instance.

"Speaking, Sir as the solitary representative of the Independent Party," said Mr. Ghansuddin in the Assembly — and Mr. Jinnah blushed in Bombay!

Or did he?

Some persons who are blind are stated to have gone to the polls in Berar.

Which is both remarkable and commendable. But let not those with eyes vote blindly.

An election impersonator has been sentenced to 2 months rigorous imprisonment.

In case some of the candidates miss a heart beat on reading the above, let it be stated he was only a voter.

TO-DAYS PRIZE HOWLERS.

(Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague).

(1) The interview of Babu Ramesh Prasad with the "Special Correspondent" of a local morning paper was too exclusive to need any substantiation.

(2) The controversy about starred and unstarred questions in the Assembly has been received with considerable anxiety and apprehension in local firm circles.

(3) The European M. L. A.'s were not at all surprised to find themselves in the opposition lobby on Tuesday.

(4) The Ticketless Travellers' Bill is intended to discourage the tour-on-free-first-class-pass habit among high Government officials.

"Facists" says a London message, "were denounced as a real danger to peace by the Bishop of London in an outspoken address before the Church Assembly."

If Christ came..... But, of course, He will be branded as an uncivilised, un-European un-Christian anti-Imperialist.

His reverent Lordship the Bishop reminded the audience of the fate of Abyssinia.

But he forgot to mention who brought it about, how and why.

"There is" also said His Lordship, "no great danger of war if we are a strong enough policeman with a truncheon to keep order, but the policeman must have a truncheon."

How very perfectly true! And who could be better qualified for the post of "policeman" than Britain with her unfailing, utterly unselfish sense of protective duty towards the whole world?

Yes, the policeman must have a "truncheon", especially when he is charged with the duties, among more relevant ones, of not only protecting but constructing new roads to civilisation.

A little girl said to the little boy who was playing with her:

"When I was born I was so sprightly I couldn't speak for a whole year and a half."

FRANKLY SPEAKING

UNFAIR TACTICS

Many ridiculous anomalies have been perpetrated on the floor of the Legislative Assembly but few can beat the introduction of an important measure like the introduction of the Income-Tax Amendment Bill at a time when only two elected members were present.

What is particularly amazing is the undemocratic attitude of Sir Abdul Rahim who exercised his authority as the President in a technically legal but wholly inequitable manner in allowing the introduction of the Bill. It seems as if his own convenience and the convenience of official members were the only two considerations which should guide the Assembly President. This session of the Assembly will be remembered for the petty tactics of the bureaucracy to take the fullest possible advantage of Congress members' absence and curb further the already limited liberties of the legislators. It is a pity that Sir Abdul Rahim, once known for his democratic views, should have displayed such scant regard for the rights and dignity of the Assembly.

SELF-RESPECTING DECISION.

The Senate of the Bombay University has taken the only possible self-respecting decision in turning down the proposal to raise the status of the Cambridge Senior examination and put it on a par with the First Year Examination. We are not conversant with the reasons which weighed with the Syndicate or the Academic Council to recommend such a gratuitous change in the prevailing system whereby the Matriculation and the Senior Cambridge are deemed of equivalent merit. It is notorious that Indian examinations have always received the scantest courtesy from English Universities, and as long as this attitude lasts, Indian Universities have no business to go out of their way to raise the status of the Cambridge Senior only because that examination is recognised by the English Universities. The number of Indian

students who prepare for the Cambridge Senior is moreover very small, and to give them an initial advantage of a year over the thousands of matriculates would have been extremely invidious and unfair.

UNPATRIOTIC

The Bombay Municipal Corporation has remained true to its (generally) reactionary traditions in voting down the amendments moved at Monday's meeting of the Corporation to invest municipal funds in purely Indian banks. This was a most "bona-fide" demand to make and those who suspected some political colouring in those amendments only betrayed their own prejudices. More, the defeat of the amendments casts a most unwarranted and unfair reflection on the merits and claims of Indian banking concerns, which today can bear comparison with any of the foreign banks. To invest Indian money in Indian banks constitutes but an elementary lesson in Swadeshim and it is a great pity that the City Fathers of the First City in India should have proved themselves lacking in patriotism in such a gross fashion.

INJUSTICE TO KARNATAK

Mr. Dinkar Desai of the Servants of India Society has done well to issue a statement, published elsewhere in these columns, wherein he rightly deplores the fact that the Bombay Government have not yet extended to Karnataka the benefits of the Bombay Maternity Act of 1929. That Act is an extremely modest measure providing for the payment of some maternity benefit to women workers in factories for a few weeks before and after confinement. But one fails to understand why the benefits of the Act are not yet extended to Karnataka, which, as Mr. Desai points out, possesses several textile mills in places like Hubli, Gokak and Gadag and a labour popula-

tion of over 6,000. It is time, indeed, that Government redressed this clear grievance of the province.

Karnatak's Need For Maternity Benefit Act

Mr. Dinkar Desai of the Servants of India Society, who is now conducting the Gokak Mills strike, has issued the following statement to the press:—

It is a surprise for me to learn that the Bombay Maternity Benefit Act of 1929 is not yet made applicable to any textile mills in Karnataka. Thus the cotton mills of Gokak, Hubli and Gadag are exempted from the provisions of this Act. It is strange that the Act is not extended even to the city of Hubli, one of the biggest industrial centres in the Bombay Presidency, with a population of nearly a lakh. The textile labour in Karnataka is more than 6,000. In addition, there are nearly 4,000 railway workers in Hubli. It may be added in this connection that the Act is made applicable to the factories in Jalgaon and Amalner in Khandesh, which are far smaller towns when compared to Hubli.

The Maternity Benefit Act is a very important piece of Labour Legislation enacted in the interest of women workers. It regulates the employment of women in factories some time before and some times after confinement and provides for the payment of maternity benefit to them for a period extending over eight weeks. It is hoped that the Government of Bombay will lose no time in extending the provisions of this Act to Hubli, Gokak and Gadag, so that the women workers in these places may enjoy the same rights and privileges as enjoyed by their sisters in other parts of the Presidency. It is also the duty of the Karnataka representatives in the coming Legislative Assembly and Council to see that the Act is made applicable to their districts.

Best Man Among Bombay Muslims Mrs. NAIDU COMMENDS BRELVI'S CANDIDATURE

Mr. Chagla On Jinnah's 'Volte Face'

A progressive and Nationalist, besides being the best man among those who are standing for the Southern Bombay Muslim Constituency Mr. Brelvi's candidature must be supported said Mr. M. C. Chagla who presided over a meeting held under the auspices of the Muslim Students Union at Blavatsky Lodge on Wednesday evening.

Those Filthy Leaflets

Mr. S. A. Brelvi speaking said that the Muslim voters should ponder well before they cast their votes whether they stood for independence or for the perpetuation of foreign domination of India which would be the case if they supported reactionaries. Mr. Brelvi condemned the desperate and despicable methods followed by interested parties through filthy leaflets.

Islam And Independence

Delivering the Congress message to the Muslim youth, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu said that the true Islamic spirit was dynamic and forward and exhorted them to turn a deaf ear to communal and fanatical appeals and vote only for the Congress candidate.

"THE BEST MAN"

Mr. M. C. Chagla in the course of a forceful speech said that Mr. Brelvi was known for his dignified and upright journalism. His was a policy which always aimed at amity between the two major communities of the country—Hindu and Muslim. He was asking them to support his candidature not merely as a Congressman but as the "best man." On high authority it was being propagated that to support his candidature was simply because he was a Congressman. He asked whether there was such a big gulf between the Congress and the Muslim League. In the interests of the Muslim League itself he appealed to Mr. Jinnah's better sense and advised the voters to exercise their franchise "wisely and well" for those elected could do immense harm or good for five years to come.

FREEDOM OR SLAVERY?

Mr. Brelvi said that their vote should be a vote for wrecking an unwanted constitution and for achieving a better suited one. Even the little concessions gained by them were a result of the sacrifices made by the Congress.

The issue was whether they stood for independence or perpetuation on the issue of subjection. They should decide in the light of world events.

His answers was that he stood as a representative of the only organisation which acted and made sacrifices for the freedom of India. He was dubbed as an anti-Muslim in some quarters. Such tactics had been resorted to by some people in their desperate and despicable attempts at misleading the voters. The Muslim League could not absolve itself of this unworthy propaganda.

While Congress waged a battle in the great Non-Co-operation Movement, for the redress of the Khilafat wrong, Mr. Jinnah's followers including himself (Mr. Jinnah) were comfortably sitting at home or were on the Government side.

The Congress stood for independence and for wrecking of the provincial constitution whereas the Muslim League stood for working it and their duty was clear at the juncture, concluded Mr. Brelvi.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu said she delivered the Congress message in towns as well as villages. Everywhere it was received with enthusiasm from Muslims also. Mr. Brelvi had a right for their vote. There was no comparison between him and others. Propaganda against him would fall flat.

JINNAH NOW AND THEN.

They all admired Mr. Jinnah's national stand when he joined the Muslim League in 1913. He was the same man but he had fallen in undesirable company.

At Allahgarh she noticed a revolution. Islam was not cautious but dynamic. Other Muslim countries were forward. Why should Indian Muslims be static? Were they not for freedom like others.

EGYPT'S EXAMPLE.

The example of Egypt where all communities were national first was a shining example to them. They must vote for Mr. Brelvi and vindicate country's honour, concluded Mrs. Naidu. Mr. M. C. Chagla in his concluding speech said differences in aim were only academic, after all there were political affinities. He wanted them to vote for Mr. Brelvi, who stood nearest to their ideals. He had already taken cudgels on his behalf. He had belief in the statesmanship of the Congress and wished success for it.

Mr. Y. N. Ratanjee offered a vote of thanks to the distinguished speakers.

BHULABHAI'S CALL TO CITY VOTERS Horniman Urges Inquest Of New Constitution At Polls

APPEAL TO CITY BUSINESSMEN

"With God above and Mother Earth below as your witnesses, do your duty to your Country. Before getting into the polling booth, remember that you are Indians; remember the duty that you owe to the National Tri-Colour and the Indian National Congress, and then obey the dictates of your conscience. If every voter did that, I have no doubt that the Congress would come out with flying colours in the forthcoming elections in Bombay, in the same way as it has triumphed in Orissa and Bihar."

This was the advice given by Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai, leader of the Opposition in the Central Legislature to the voters of Bombay at a Congress election meeting held on Wednesday night at Kumbharwada. The Elections, said Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai, had afforded an unique opportunity to the Congress to reach the men, women and children of India in every nook and corner, with the message of the Congress. The masses have reacted wonderfully and have demonstrated their loyalty and love towards the Congress in a magnificent manner.

Mr. S. K. Patil in the course of his speech said that as the date of the polling in Bombay was nearing, the results were pouring in from other provinces proclaiming Congress victories all through the land. Amidst acclamation the speaker announced the Victory of Shrimati Parvati Devi, Congress candidate from the Lahore Women's Constituency against Shrimati Shannodevi, who was supported by the revered Pandit Malaviya. That result indicated that the Congress was much more greater than great individual leaders.

Replying to critics, who stated that the Congress was a Hindu body, he said that the 37 Mussalmans who were contesting the elections in the North-West Frontier Province were doing it on behalf of the Congress. Does the Congress become a Muslim body in the N.-W. F. P. and Hindu body in the South. It was ridiculous criticism.

It was due to Gandhiji that a new spirit had been created among the people of India during the last fifteen years. The speakers during the last three months had addressed five to seven thousand meetings throughout the country. He had gone to the remotest villages and had seen that the real India was in the villages.

The speaker appealed to the voters to go to the Polling Booths on the election day and vote for the Congress candidates. After the "Vande Mataram" song was over, the leaders were garlanded by the people of the locality, and the meeting dispersed.

Among those present at the meeting were Messrs Nagindas Master, S. K. Patil; Bhagwandas Kapadia and Ganpatishanker Desai.

Immediately after the meeting, Rajen Babu left for Satara District.—United Press.

WANTED VOTES AND FUNDS

Leaders' Appeal To City Businessmen

"To-day there is no distinction between the rich and the poor. On the shoulders of every Indian rested the responsibility of contributing towards the success of the national movement," observed Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, exhorting the business community to rally to the support of the Congress, at a meeting of Bullion brokers held at the Bombay Bullion Exchange Hall, on Wednesday evening.

Mr. Ratilal Mulji Gandhi, Congress nominee for the Upper Chamber elections from the Bombay Urban Constituency presided.

APPEAL FOR FUNDS
Mrs. Sarojini Naidu said that everywhere the people showed tremendous enthusiasm for the Congress and its programme. Giving her impressions of the Andhra tour, she said that in that province Congress workers worked day and night without food, because they were poor and had no money to feed themselves. The Congress had taken upon itself a stupendous task, and it could not be expected that the Congress would make "bricks without straw". She exhorted the business community to contribute their mite to render the Congress election campaign a success.

Mr. K. F. Nariman said that the time for arguments had gone by and there was much work to do. He appealed to the businessmen to give willingly and heartily what they pleased if they wished that the Congress should come out victorious in this fight.

TIP TO BUSINESSMEN

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai said that he was confident that the merchants would give their votes to the Congress.

the Congress. But that was not merely what was expected of them. He wanted the business community to realise that if the Congress succeeded in its aims, trade and commerce would certainly prosper, and it was in their own interests that they should support the Congress.

Rajen Babu Denies Interview That He Supported Bhopalkar

POONA, Feb. 10.

Babu Rajendra Prasad arrived here this morning and addressed a mammoth public meeting at Nava-pool Maidan, where a large and eager crowd awaited him long before sunrise.

Mr. Shankarrao Deo, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee specially came to the meeting from the hospital and amidst applause Mr. Deo welcomed Babu Rajendra Prasad on behalf of Maharashtra and offered congratulations on Bihar's success at the polls. Proceeding, he repudiated the suggestion that Congress leaders came to Poona either to run down any individual or party in elections.

Babu Rajendra Prasad in the course of his address reminded the audience that their duty to-day was to vote for Congress, which had worked for their independence for the last fifty years. Referring to late Lokamanya's saying that "Swaraj was birth-right" he said that Swaraj was not the rule of one particular party or religion. It was the rule of the rich and poor alike. It would be the rule of every Indian entitled to mould his own destiny. The real question before the electorate was whether they wanted Independence or not, and if they wanted it, they must vote for Congress. A vote against Congress candidate was a vote against Independence.

Concluding, he fervently appealed to the voters to solidly support the Congress candidates at the polls.

Immediately after the meeting, Rajen Babu left for Satara District.—United Press.

Xavier's College Muslim Students' Gathering

A social gathering of the St. Xavier's College Muslim Students' Association was held in the new hall of the College on Sunday last under the presidency of Mr. Fazal Ebrahim Rahimulla.

About 300 persons attended the function. The function started with the recitation of an Urdu poem by Mr. Gulam Mohiddin and a band was played by the staff of the Minerva Film Company which was kindly lent by Mr. Sorab Modi for the occasion.

Thereafter a drama of Mr. Sadatally was played by College students, which was very much appreciated.

Mr. Ahmed Dilawar, Radio star, entertained the gathering with delightful music. Then the President in his speech appealed to the students particularly Muslim girls to prosecute higher studies in colleges.

The President and rather Placid were then garlanded by Miss M. R. Karim amidst loud cheers. After enjoying the classical music of Professor Habibkhan and Mr. Yusuf Afendi, the gathering dispersed at a late hour.

PARTY TO N. K. SHAH

Members of Shri Goghari Dasha Shrimali Gnatl (both sections) are requested to be present to-day (Thursday) at 7 p.m. (S.T.) at Lad Wadi, C. P. Tank on the occasion of the Tea Party to be given to Mr. Narotamdas Keshavil Shah by Dasha Shrimali Gnatl on his appointment as Justice of the Peace by the Government. Mr. Chumilal B. Mehta will preside.

The Muslim voters of Murtzar-pur have decided to vote for Mobbilul Haq, for the Nagpur Assembly, on 12th February.

Horniman's Call To Country

Vote For Congress And Paralyse The New Constitution

"Whatever may be your difficulties, do your duty by the Congress and the Nation", exhorted Mr. B. G. Horniman, presiding at a public meeting held at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, on Wednesday, under the auspices of the Girgaum Ward Congress Election Committee.

Mr. Horniman in a stirring call to the voters, said that nearly seventy-five per cent. of the elections were lost on account of apathy on the part of the voters and he did not desire that there should be such an apathy in Bombay. It would be an indelible stigma on the fair name of the City, if even one of the Congress candidates were defeated. It was their duty to show to the enemies of the freedom movement and to Great Britain that the City of Bombay was solidly behind the Congress and solidly supported the Congress cause, namely, National Independence. (Cheers).

"PROVE IT TO WORLD"
"We want to paralyse the Government," declared Mr. Horniman, "we don't want the new constitution to last for a day longer that it can possibly last. I want everybody to realise that he is voting not for the purpose of putting the Congress in power, but for paralyzing the administration and forcing the Government to suspend the new constitution and thus demonstrating to the world that it is something which the people of India refuse to touch."

Mr. P. R. Lele warned the voters against false propaganda carried on by the workers of anti-Congress candidates that only women were entitled to vote for women candidates. He said that it was absolutely false and every voter was entitled to vote for any candidate in the general constituency.

Mr. N. T. Master and Mr. S. K. Patil, Mrs. Annapurnabai Deshmukh and Mr. M. R. Masani addressed the meeting.

ELECTION RESULTS IN PROVINCES

(Continued from page 1.)

most interesting results in detail:—

LAHORE WOMEN'S SEAT: Parvati Devi (Congress) 11,331; Shrimati Shannodevi (Nationalist) 5,070.

LAHORE WEST SIKH SEAT: Sardar Joginder Singh (Congress) 7,256 defeated Sardar Sardul Singh (Independent) 5,867.

KASUR, MOHAMEDAN: Mian Mohd. Iftikhar-ud-Din (Congress) defeated K. B. Mian Habibullah (Unionist) by a margin of 174 votes.

EAST PUNJAB NON-UNION Labour: Dewan Chamanlal, a former M.L.A., 1,534; Laldin Qasir 932; G. R. Sethi 764.

Sr. Sunder Singh, Majithia, leader of the Khalsa Nationalist Party, defeated Jathedar Tejas Singh (Akali candidate) by a margin of 600 votes.—A. P.

SAMPURNANAND ELECTED

BENARES, February 10. Mr. Sampurnanand, General Secretary of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee, was declared elected to the U. P. Legislative Assembly from the Benares Urban General Constituency, defeating Mr. Jhingan Sahu, Independent.

Mr. Sampurnanand secured 7,468 votes while Mr. Jhingan Sahu secured 2,882 votes.—United Press.

KHALIQUZZAMAN ELECTED

LUCKNOW, February 10. The first Assembly results available report two victories for the Muslim League, one of which constitutes a Congress defeat.

From Lucknow, Muhammadan Urban, Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman (Muslim League) was elected with 6,635 votes, defeating Mr. Bhatisham Mahmudali (Independent) who secured 3,806 votes.—A. P.

CONGRESS FLAG BURNT

Volunteers Beaten At Erode

MADRAS, February 10. The manager of the Tamil Nadu Congress Committee office in a statement to the press says that he has received a letter from the Congress Election Office at Erode regarding an alleged assault on Congress volunteers.

According to the letter, while a group of volunteers were out distributing Congress leaflets, some persons are alleged to have asked them not to distribute the pamphlets. It is further alleged that someone beat a volunteer carrying the National Flag, caught hold of the same and set fire to it. Some of the volunteers were also beaten and two are stated to have received injuries caused by a sharp instrument.

The injured men are under treatment.—A.P.

B. N. Railway Strike Called Off UNION'S DECISION

Giri Issues Communique On Terms Of Agreement

KHARAGPUR, February 10. "The Executive of the Union, after careful deliberation, has come to the conclusion that no useful purpose will be served by prolonging the present strike, and other details may be left to the President for further discussion and negotiations."

Strike Called Off

I therefore, call off the strike with effect from 10 p.m. on February 10. I expect everyone who returns to duty to exhibit the same spirit of sportsmanship after joining duty as they have done during the strike". Says Mr. V. V. Giri, President of the B. N. Railway Indian Labour Union in the course of a communique issued to-day:—

SPLENDID SOLIDARITY

The Communique states:—"I congratulate the thousands of workers on the B. N. Railway who in this strike have given a splendid demonstration of their solidarity and tolerance of the spirit of non-violence which has won the admiration of all who have been watching the progress of the strike, these sixty days with a critical eye.

Difficulties arose with regard to the Agent's replies to items one and two of the terms proposed by me on January 22. On January 26, I conveyed to the Agent through the Chief Commissioner of Railways, the Union's views that all 1,100 men should be reinstated without exception and that there should be no victimisation of strikers.

On February 6 he sent me a note of the final terms and wrote to me intimating that the only material modifications of the terms originally offered me were contained in paragraphs two and three of the Note,

Terms Of Settlement

Para 3 states:—"All men on strike would be permitted to resume duty, provided they offered themselves on or before February 15. The absence from duty would be treated as leave without pay as agreed to by Mr. Giri in an interview with the Agent on January 22. The fact that the men have been on strike will not of itself render them liable to any penalty, affecting their previous service, Provident Fund, Bonus or Gratuity. Thus there would be no victimisation.

Paragraph 2 reads as follows:—"All the men dismissed in the Adra District were reinstated on the terms previously notified by the Agent with the exception of approximately 50 men, whose places have been filled, and who without exception will be placed

ing the National Flag, caught hold of the same and set fire to it. Some of the volunteers were also beaten and two are stated to have received injuries caused by a sharp instrument.

The injured men are under treatment.—A.P.

TANDON AND HARI ELECTED

Congress Captures 10 Seats In U. P. So Far

LUCKNOW, February 10. Mr. Purshottamdas Tandon, a Congress nominee and Mr. Hari, a Congress candidate from the Scheduled Caste were declared elected to the United Provinces Assembly from the Allahabad City General Urban Constituency.

The latest party position including the unopposed returns to the U. P. Assembly is as follows:—

Congress 10, National Agriculturist Party—5, Muslim League—5, Independent Muslims—4, Europeans—2 and Commerce—2.—United Press.

Scheduled Caste Seat Of Agra City

LUCKNOW, February 10. Agra City (Scheduled Caste): Karansingh Kane (Congress) has been elected with 5407 votes, defeating Ramprasad (Independent) who polled 1976 votes, Ramprasad Soni (Independent) 347 votes, Kishanlal Muir (Independent) 809 votes.—A.P.

ONIONS AND POTATOES AT POONA MEETING

POONA, February 10. Pandemonium prevailed at a

on the waiting lists and re-employed as soon as suitable vacancies occur in the posts they held before they were dismissed, and on the previous rates of pay."

This is hard on these fifty men, but it is hoped that the Agent will, in his human sympathy, get them absorbed at the earliest possible moment, and the workers hope they will not be disappointed in this respect.—A.P.

GIRI'S APPEAL TO WORKERS

CALCUTTA, February 10.

Announcing the decision of the Union at a public meeting on the maidan near the Kharagpur Police Station, Mr. Giri explained to the gathered strikers the situation which had developed two months ago and urged a return to work from to-morrow.

They had gained a moral victory, which was a great asset. "Let the Administration understand," added Mr. Giri, "that they had declared a strike and not a war to destroy the railway". As far as the strikers were concerned, they had done their duty to their comrades, and he now asked them, as disciplined soldiers to return to work as peacefully as they had stopped work, when he called upon them to go on strike.

He hoped that the Agent would sympathetically consider the case of the fifty workers and employ them as soon as possible. Mr. Giri congratulated the Government and the Railway Member who had helped the negotiations to reach success. Mr. Giri then made the announcement that the strikers should go back to work, and it was received in silence by the gathering.—A.P.

B. N. RLY. STRIKE TO BE CALLED OFF.

KHARAGPUR Feb. 10. Mr. V. V. Giri told the Associated Press that the strikers on the B. N. Railway would resume work to-morrow, the 60th day of the Strike.

public meeting held to-night, at Cannought Market Chowk.

Mr. Balukaka Kanitkar, a staunch Congressman, who is of late preaching "vote for anti-Congress candidates," was addressing the meeting. Shortly after the speaker had begun his speech, missiles in form of onions, potatoes, cigarettes, vegetables, and stones were hurled at him who, however kept on speaking undaunted to the last.

One shoe also came down among the spectators and hit one pressman in the face.

The appearance of police officials on the scene, however, made the miscreants flee away and order was restored.

At another meeting held in the city Mr. Achyutrao Patwardhan, Socialist Leader, exhorted the audience to vote for Congress candidates.—United Press.

Special Second Matriculation Session

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

A SPECIAL SET OF LECTURE CLASSES WILL BEGIN ON 4TH JANUARY, 1937, for ALL DIPLOMA COURSES, viz., (1) Incorporated Salesmanagers (A.I.S.M.A.); (2) Chartered Insurance Experts (A.C.I.I.); (3) Bank Officers (C.A.I.B.); (4) Company Secretaries (F.C.C.S.); (5) Company Auditors (R.A.); (6) Specialised Accountancy (A.A.I.A.) and (7) General Commerce (D.Com. I.M.C. L.C.C.) etc.

APPLY FOR RESERVATION OF SEATS IMMEDIATELY. Or Call or write for prospectus: Postal Tuition to those who cannot join personally. 80, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

"No Direct Reply" To My Question" BRELVI'S CHALLENGE TO JINNAH Why This Silence Over The Leaflet?

Mr. Syed Abdulla Brelvi has issued the following:-

On Monday I issued a statement asking Mr. Jinnah and my other Muslim friends, who control the Muslim League Parliamentary Board in Bombay, whether they considered the posters and leaflets such as those mentioned in that statement, as proper and legitimate propaganda on behalf of the Muslim League candidates. Mr. Jinnah has issued a statement, in which he does not give a direct reply to my question and indulges in some misstatements and insinuations. He says: "It is well-known that Mr. Brelvi has carried on one-sided propaganda in the 'Bombay Chronicle' and maligned the All-India Muslim League and everyone connected with it ever since his interview with me before the Muslim League candidates were adopted in October last." The insinuation that the attitude of the 'Chronicle' was determined by Mr. Jinnah's opposition to my candidature is as false as it is unworthy of a man of Mr. Jinnah's position in public life. As the 'Bombay Chronicle' says: "The fact is that ever since the All-India Muslim League or rather Mr. Jinnah decided to co-operate with the Muslim Unity Board, the attitude of the 'Bombay Chronicle' towards the All-India Muslim League—it is rather interesting to note that Mr. Jinnah freely confesses the All-India Muslim League with the Bombay branch and the Bombay Board—has been one of the tolerant benevolence. But—and we want to emphasize this fact, lest it escape Mr. Jinnah—from the very beginning, which was much before October last, the 'Bombay Chronicle' had been warning Mr. Jinnah that the League would be known by the company which got into it, that if he surrendered to reactionaries, he would ruin the League and naturally forfeit any right to be treated with benevolence. We challenge Mr. Jinnah to deny this. That his candidates are definitely reactionary, both politically and from the point of view of the League, is easily proved. One of them, as we have shown a few days ago, actually revels in being a rebel against the League. We challenge Mr. Jinnah to deny this, and then to invite him to say whether the 'Bombay Chronicle' is the maligned or the maligned."

May I also ask, if Mr. Jinnah will say that the progressive and younger section of the Bombay Branch of the Muslim League is not dissatisfied with the composition and ways of the Bombay Board?

SIGNIFICANT SILENCE

As regards the poster and leaflet, I am glad to learn that Mr. Jinnah finds, after making careful

enquiries, that the All-India Muslim League machinery has nothing to do with the former. But why is Mr. Jinnah silent about the leaflet to which I made a reference and which is not less mischievous than the poster? And why is Mr. Jinnah also silent about another leaflet, mentioned by me, which reproduced the full text of my letter to him with the false interpretation that I refused to join the Bombay Muslim League Board, because I was opposed to Muslim interests? That letter, obviously, could not be made public without the aid of Mr. Jinnah and the All-India Muslim League machinery." Mr. Jinnah says: "He (Mr. Brelvi) made to me most improper proposals that I should keep one seat vacant in the South and allow him to stand on the Congress ticket. Failing that, I should adopt nominally a League candidate, but in fact, should not oppose him." I certainly did not need, nor seek Mr. Jinnah's permission to be allowed to stand on Congress ticket. Long before the League candidates were selected, I asked him whether in view of the fact that there were four seats in Bombay, it was not possible to come to an understanding whereby the Muslim League contested three seats and I contested the fourth on the Congress ticket. Mr. Jinnah did not agree to this and tried to dissuade me from standing on the Congress ticket. It is difficult for me to understand what was improper in proposing such an arrangement.

I never made the proposal to him that, failing this, he should adopt nominally a League candidate, but in fact, should not oppose me. Nor is it incorrect, as Mr. Jinnah says, that I informed him that I was standing as a candidate and that he said he would fight me by every means.

I cannot understand why Mr. Jinnah should be so uncomfortably affected by my having printed on my card to the voters the following sentence from the presidential address of the late Maulana Mahomed Ali at the Cocanada session of the Congress: "I wish to declare that if India wins Swaraj it will satisfy the religious requirements of a Muslim in India."

UNPLEASANT REMINDER.

Mr. Jinnah proceeds to say: "Not content with that he (Mr. Brelvi) started in January answering imaginary questions." I am amazed that a responsible person like Mr. Jinnah should make such a reckless and unworthy insinuation.

In the course of my election campaign several persons asked me these questions and if Mr. Jinnah had read Urdu papers he would have known that the Secretary of the United Muslim Association had sent me a letter containing similar questions. It was in reply to these questions that I issued my statement regarding my attitude towards purely Islamic questions and Muslim interests. Sir M. Deh-lavi in his speech at the Muzaffarabad Hall meeting indulged in gross misrepresentations of my statement and the attitude of the Congress and it was Sir M. Deh-lavi's speech which compelled me to remind him, Mr. Jinnah and their colleagues that whenever any questions affecting the honour of Islam arose it was the Congress

CONGRESS LADY WORKER ARRESTED IN N. W. F. P.

Quit Orders Galore

RAWALPINDI, Feb. 9. Mr. Bakshi Nanakchand, a Congress worker, participating in election propaganda on behalf of the Congress in Mardan, has been served with a notice by the Frontier Government under the Public Tranquillity Act ordering him to remove himself forthwith from the Province and not to return.

Similarly the principal Chavildass of Lahore and his wife Sitadevi were, it is reported, served with a notice at Nowshera and they have returned to Lahore. Shrimati Amarkaur, a Congress leader of Lahore was arrested in Nowshera for contravening the order and making a public speech. She was arrested while addressing a meeting.—A. P.

Muslims who in vindicating it made sacrifices and went to jail while they themselves forgot the obligations of Islam and either remained comfortably in their houses or opposed those who were fighting for the honour of Islam. This unpleasant reminder of a fact of recent history Mr. Jinnah, with a logic of his own, regards as inciting the religious passions of Muslims and proceeds to say: "Having taken the initiative, if from some source the poster is published, surely the League is not going to be condemned for it." Does this mean that though Mr. Jinnah disclaims responsibility for the publication of the poster, in his opinion the compiler or compilers of the poster were justified in transgressing the bounds of truth, decency and honesty?

THE COMMUNAL AWARD.

Mr. Jinnah wants to know my attitude towards the Communal Award. Mr. Jinnah knows much better than his present friends how I desire and how I have always worked for a Hindu-Muslim settlement. My attitude towards the Communal Award is determined by the same consideration. The Congress position as regards the Award is simple and clear. It cannot accept the Award because it creates division where there ought to be unity. But to it, Hindu-Muslim unity is more important. Therefore, it will not favour a one-sided agitation for its annulment but will strive to replace it by an agreed settlement between the two communities. May I in this connection ask Mr. Jinnah whether as a Muslim he can reconcile himself to an Award whose author rejects the most important of his fourteen points, by refusing to grant to Baluchistan the same status as enjoyed by any other province and by reducing Muslim majorities in Bengal and the Punjab to statutory minorities?

MUSLIMS & THE CONGRESS.

Mr. Jinnah's sneer about the oath of allegiance cannot alter the fact that the Congressmen have made in the past and will make in the future every possible effort and sacrifice to win the independence of their country, while Mr. Jinnah and his colleagues, contented themselves in the past and will content themselves in the future with making speeches. I agree with Mr. Jinnah that there are vital differences between the Congress and the League in regard to questions of independence, wrecking the Constitution and the method of fighting and that is precisely the reason why I did not join the League Parliamentary Board. But I cannot agree with him that the rights and interests of Muslims are safer in the hands of the Muslim League than in those of the Congress. On the contrary it is my firm conviction that the Congress is the only national organisation which can most effectively safeguard the rights and interests of all minorities and, in fact, so far as the vast majority of the poor, who are now being exploited by communalists for their self-regarding interests, are concerned, they have no more sincere and greater friend than the Congress. It is the first duty of a Muslim to strive for the independence of his country. Apart from this Islamic obligation, Muslims have to take the lead in the struggle for independence because that is the only solution of the two urgent problems of poverty and unemployment which face them specially as well as their other Indian brethren. It is because I have placed this simple fact before my Muslim brethren that the only issue in the present election is whether we wish to be an independent or a slave country and because I have received encouraging response from them that those who regard me as their political opponent have resorted to the desperate and disgraceful attempt to damn me as anti-Muslim. But the Muslims of Bombay are fortunately wide awake and alive to their responsibility and I have no doubt will refuse to be misled.

Gwalior Cup Hockey

FINE RECOVERY

BY Y. M. C. A.

Vincent Club Held To A Draw

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A desperate struggle rather than a fine exhibition of hockey that was the general verdict this evening about the match between the Vincent Club, Dadar and the Y. M. C. A. in the Gwalior Cup hockey tournament, at the Cooperage. At a stage, the Vincent Club commanded the situation, they having two goals up till ten minutes before the finish, but electrifying sallies by Glewis, the Y. M. C. A. centre-forward, and Vincent Club's mistake in forgetting that offence was the best part of defence, combined together to help the Y. M. C. A. in gaining the lost ground, the result being that about 5 minutes before the end, they had not only equalised but had essayed a few dangerous shots which might have given them the victory.

The Vincent Club soon got the lead through Lyons, their inside-right, who placed the ball beyond the goal's reach.

In the second half, McGill, Vincent Club's pivot, put his side one more up so that they were now leading by two goals. The Y. M. C. A. forwards worked very hard towards the close and were soon

rewarded when Gillon, their inside-left, reduced the lead with a good shot. The Vincent Club tried to get the upper hand once again but they failed whereas the Y. M. C. A. who were evidently bucked by their success, made a swamping raid and O'Connor, scored the equaliser off a good pass by Glewis.

Y. M. C. A. ON TOP
The Y. M. C. A. were undoubtedly on top at this stage and in the extra time but there was no further scoring.

THE RESULT:
VINCENT CLUB 2 goals.
Y. M. C. A. 2 goals.

The teams were:—
VINCENT CLUB: Millard, Ottman, Lee, Rose, McGill, Michael, Vaz, Lyons, S. Pitt, Smith and R. Pitt.

Y. M. C. A.: Ernst, Gidnev, Brackstone, Warner, Mitchell, Simpson, O'Connor, Glewis, Gillon and Brown.

TO-DAY'S GAME

AT 5-30 p.m.

Indian Telegraphs v/s. Christ Church "A"

PRESIDENCY HARD COURT CHAMPIONSHIPS

Charanjiva And Tew Eliminated From Doubles

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

fourteen more matches were decided in the Bombay Presidency Hard Court Championships, at the Hindu Gymkhana Courts, Kenney Sea Face this afternoon.

E. Padamjee and V. M. Vanarse sprang a surprise by eliminating J. Charanjiva and T. E. Tew, from the Men's Doubles, in two straight sets. The winners well-deserved their victory. Charanjiva and Tew playing much below their form.

In the Men's Singles, Jimmy Mehta did not have much difficulty in disposing of N. B. Bhagwat, a former Western India champion.

In the Women's Doubles, Miss Leela Row and her mother continued their yesterday's unfinished match against Miss P. de Lima and Mrs. Johnstone. After a keen struggle for supremacy which lasted for an hour and a quarter, the former pair managed to win the match at (6-3) (8-10), (9-7).

THE RESULTS.

Miss Leela Row and Mrs. Row beat Miss P. de Lima and Mrs. Johnstone (6-3), (8-10), (9-7). Jimmy Mehta and S. A. Azim beat H. N. Contractor and F. R. Ratnagar (6-1), (7-5). S. A. Azim beat G. D. Bhagat (6-4), (7-5).

E. Padamji and V. M. Vanarse beat J. Charanjiva and T. E. Tew (6-4), (6-4).

M. Take beat A. C. Suntook (6-4), (5-7), (6-0).

Jimmy Mehta beat N. B. Bhagwat (6-3), (6-1).

Mrs. W. A. Bell and G. L. Mytton beat C. W. Owen and partner (7-5), (9-7).

Miss Woodbridge beat Mrs. Radcliffe-Genge (6-2), (6-0).

Miss Woodbridge and Mrs. W. A. Bell beat Miss M. J. Wadia and Miss J. Fundole (6-1), (6-0).

Y. R. Savur beat S. S. Indulkar (6-2), (6-3).

C. W. Owen and D. Stillard v.o. R. K. Shanghani and D. D. Yennemadi.

A. G. Gupte beat R. A. Mundkur (6-3), (9-7).

J. Harvey vs. N. R. Suvarna (unfinished).

Mrs. Radcliffe-Genge and E. Padamji * vs. Miss I. S. Hannay and D. Still (postponed).

P. F. Vakharia beat Shantilal Himatli (6-3), (6-3).

TO-DAY'S MATCHES

Programme of matches for today (Thursday) on the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana Tennis Court.

TENNIS COURT NO. 1. at 3-45 p.m. (S.T.).

Jimmy M. Mehta v. J. Charanjiva, followed by J. Harvey v. N. R. Suvarna (to be continued) followed by at 4-15 p.m. followed by E. V. Bobb and G. L. Mytton v. Jimmy M. Mehta and S. A. Azim.

TENNIS COURT NO. 2. at 3-45 p.m. (S.T.).

H. C. Sansoni v. V. M. Vanarse, followed by at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.) Miss F. Talyarkhan and H. C. Sansoni v. Miss L. M. Merchant and Partner, followed by J. E. Tew v. Winner of J. Harvey and N. R. Suvarna.

TENNIS COURT NO. 3. at 3-45 p.m. (S.T.).

E. Padamji v. A. G. Gupte, followed by at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.) Mrs. Radcliffe-Genge and E. Padamji v. Miss I. S. Hannay and D. Stillard, followed by Y. R. Savur v. M. Take.

TENNIS COURT NO. 4. at 3-45 p.m. (S.T.).

S. A. Azim v. C. Sutton followed by at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.) Miss F. Talyarkhan and Mrs. Cantain v. Miss Woodbridge and Mrs. W. A. Bell followed by Miss M. J. Wadia v. Miss T. Dias.

bridge, and heralded his entry by winning a scholarship of £60. Winning several other scholarships and medals for his proficiency in Mathematics, he passed his Mathematics Tripos in the First Class in 1934 and was declared a "B" Star Wrangler and was awarded two research scholarships and prizes by the Cambridge University. He published a paper in the Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, London, and was soon elected a Fellow of that institution. His college awarded him another research scholarship of £130 for the next year. The Cambridge University further awarded the much coveted Sheepshanks Exhibition Prize in Astronomy valued £40. In 1935, he appeared for the I. C. S. examination and came out successful. In 1936 the Cambridge University again honoured him by awarding the Raleigh Prize for an astronomical essay. He also communicated some more papers to the Journal of the Royal Astronomical Society last year. He has been posted to the United Provinces.

Workers in the Indore Malwa Mills struck work on Monday morning as a protest against the management declining to employ an additional labourer in one of the departments. Rowdyism prevailed for a while until the premises were cleared by the police. The strike continued on Tuesday.

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SECRETARY.

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"For your health's sake smoke PASSING SHOW"

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PLAIN OR CORK TIP

ANUMAKARADHWAJA

(Registered Trade Mark)



Pure Shadguna Makaradhwaja reduced to particles of infinitesimal size and formed into tablets. More reliable than the usual variety because the medicinal properties are intensified owing to extreme sub-division.

A phial contains 14 tablets (7 full doses).

BENGAL CHEMICAL :: CALCUTTA

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Battle Royal In Assembly Over Road Fund

Proceeding, Mr. Morgan said that India's interests were not served by placing obstacles in the path of new and modern methods of transport in an effort to protect the budgetary position of the railways.

WHY ON EVE OF P. A?
Mr. A. C. Dutt supported the resolution with certain reservations. He thought that it was difficult to appreciate why at this late hour, and on the eve of the introduction of the new Constitution, changes which amounted to restriction on provincial autonomy should be made. The speaker also criticised some of the provisions of the resolution as seeking to divert the road fund to purposes other than those for which the fund was originally created.

Captain Lalchand thought that there was no fund, which was so well managed as the road fund, but the standing committee was open to criticism for its neglect of rural roads.

NOT FOR PROVINCES
Mr. F. E. James asked what would happen to the interest of the accumulation of the road fund. Would it be credited in future to the provincial or central balances?

Sir Frank Noyce replying to the speeches assured the House that there had been no change of policy regarding the use of the road fund. He declared that the provinces would be just as free after the resolution as they were before.

Answering Mr. James' question, Sir Frank Noyce stated that the amount of interest would probably be small, but suggested that there was no justification for the provincial revenues benefiting by the interest on the accumulation of the central fund.

PASSAGE-AT-ARMS
Mr. F. E. James moved the first amendment on behalf of the European Group.

Mr. James said that Mr. Mitchell, the Road Engineer with the Government of India, should be attired in more sombre garb, since he was attending the obsequies of his own report. There was not only the departure from the recommendations of Mr. Mitchell's report but the fundamental change in policy adumbrated in the resolution passed by the Assembly in 1934 was being effected without any reason or fault of any local Government.

The change now proposed in that policy was contrary even to

(Continued From Page 1)
the spirit of the Government of India Act of 1935, for the change contained an element of coercion in respect of a matter, which, under the Government of India Act, was exclusively within the sphere of the provincial Governments.

Mr. James admitted that the fund was not a statutory fund. It existed at the will of the Government of India, subject to declaration of policy.

Sir James Grigg interjected that he was glad that the honourable member conceded that it was central money.

Mr. James retorted that he was only reminding Sir James Grigg, in case this fact had been overlooked.

Sir James Grigg replied, amidst laughter: "It has not. I assure you."

WAIT TILL FEDERATION
Concluding Mr. James said that the proper time for taking power was after the formation of a federation. The Government of India would have been better advised to press at this stage the scheme for the formation of a ministry of communications.

Mr. Witherington then spoke. Sir Abdul Hamid, who was loudly cheered as he rose to make his maiden speech.

Sir Frank Noyce, replying to the debate said that the word "coercion" had been used far too often, and declared that no undesirable element of coercion was there in the resolution. The amendment was rejected.

RIGHT OF CENTRAL GOVT.
Mr. Chapman Mortimer moved the second amendment.

Mr. Navalrai supported it. Mr. K. G. Mitchell, Road Engineer to the Government of India, opposed the amendment. He claimed that the Central Government had every right to manage the road fund as it thought fit, as in his opinion, that fund in origin was central money. The amendment was rejected.

Another amendment of Mr. Morgan was defeated.

Mr. James rose to move an amendment to clause 7 (6) of the road resolution. The purpose of the amendment was to remove the restriction on a province for utilising the allocation from the road fund in future to meet the interest on road loans. Mr. James said that his purpose in moving the amendment was to obtain in-

formation as to the policy of the Government.

GRIGG ON ALTERNATIVES.

Sir James Grigg, opposing the amendment, said that during his comparative short time in India he had noticed that a nearly infallible method of creating friction was to make grants of central money subject to certain conditions. The grant was regarded as more or less the inalienable right of the recipient, while conditions were regarded as intolerable interference with the recipient's constitutional prerogative of a demonstration of tyranny by the Government of India. There were two ways, continued Sir James Grigg, of overcoming the dilemma, firstly by not attaching any conditions to the grants and secondly by not making any grants at all. With regard to the first alternative Sir James Grigg wished to say quite clearly that it was impossible for the Government, with a capital of eight hundred crores, invested in the railway system, to subsidise unconditionally a competing form of transportation. As regards the second alternative he said that he was not holding any threats or even announcing an intention, but was merely dealing with the constitutional position. It was quite clear that if the efforts of the Government of India failed to secure by consent a properly co-ordinated and coherent solution of the road-rail problem then their successors in the title would certainly have to consider the second alternative.

Sir James Grigg concluding said that these were the reasons for opposing the amendment. After Mr. A. C. Dutt had supported the amendment Sir Frank Noyce replied, and the House rejected the amendment.

ARMY MANOEUVRES BILL

Sir Frank Noyce accepted the two amendments of the European group to the effect that the one nominated official member of the standing committee shall be other than a railway official and that the Chairman of the committee shall be one of the official members of the committee other than the Chief Commissioner of railways.

Mr. G. R. F. Tottenham then moved for reference the army man-uvres bill to a Select Committee consisting of:—(1) Sri Prakash (2) Mr. B. Das. (3) Mr. Lalshansrai (4) Bhai Parmanand. (5) Raja of Kollanode. (6) Mr. Witherington (7) Siddiqul Khan. (8) Captain Lal-

FRONTIER MINISTRY

One Hindu And Two Muslims To Be Selected

PESHWAR: February 10. It is understood that there will be three ministers—Two Muslims and one Hindu—under the new constitution in the Frontier Province.—A. P.

BURMA CABINET

United Party's Move

RANGOON, Feb. 10. U Ba Pa, Leader of the United Party, has submitted to the Governor of Burma a list of six Members selected by the party for Ministry to form the future cabinet. The leader himself is recommended for the Chief Ministership while other Ministers recommended are U Thein Maung Barrister M.L.A., the present Education Minister; Dr. Thein Maung M.L.A. U Ba, U Kyi Galing Barrister and U Shwe Tha from Akvab.

A formal announcement by His Excellency is expected this evening in the form of a communique from the Government House.

The party has also decided to put Maung Maung Ohn Ghine for the Presidency, and U Po Yin, a member from the Keren Group for the Deputy Speakership.

Sardar Ganga Singh intends to stand for speakership but his chances are poor.

Burma's House of Representatives met for the first time to-day in the Old Council Chamber, when Members took the oath with Sir Maung Ba, Home Member, in the chair.

The House re-assembles on the 12th February when His Excellency addresses the Members.—United Press.

HARIJANS AND ISLAM

Ambedkar Denies Story Of Promise Of Conversion

KARACHI, Feb. 9. Considerable sensation has been created in Sind political circles by the publication by Sir Snah Nawaz Khan Bhutto, Adviser to the Sind Government, who contested a seat from the Larkana Muslim Constituency opposing Sheikh Abdul Majid Sindhi, a staunch nationalist and at one time President of the Khilafat Movement, of a telegram from Dr. Ambedkar, the well-known Depressed Class leader of Bombay.

In publishing the telegram Sir Bhutto says that during elections a cry was raised on behalf of Sheikh Abdul Majid through leaflets and speeches that Dr. Ambedkar had made a statement to the effect that Harijans would declare conversion of religion after Sind Assembly elections that if the Muslims voted for Sheikh Abdul Majid in preference to Sir Bhutto Dr. Ambedkar would take it that Muslims would convert to Islam.

Dr. Ambedkar when informed of this sent the following telegram: "Your telegram. No promise of conversion to Islam given. I have never exchanged a word with Sheikh Majid or anyone else. I have never exchanged a word with Abdul Majid in connection with conversion movement. You can publish this."—United Press.

India Independence Day At Tokyo

(From A Correspondent)
TOKYO: January 26. The India Independence League of Japan composed of nationalist Indian residents of Japan held a meeting on the 26th inst. at 6 p. m. at the Nakamura Restaurant, Shinjuku, Tokyo. Mr. Rash Behari Bose presiding, and celebrated the "India Independence Day".

RAJPUTANA CENTRAL INDIA AND GWALIOR CO-OPERATIVE CONFERENCE

The Second Rajputana Central India and Gwalior Co-operative Conference will be held by the Hon. A.G.G. for Rajputana and the Chief Commissioner Ajmer-Merwara on the 10th March 1937. Dewan Bahadur Harilal Sardar, ex-M.L.A. has been elected as Chairman of the Reception Committee and Dewan Bahadur Hira Lal Kazi as President of the Conference.

UNIVERSITY REFORM—II

(Continued from Page 6.)

a trace of the dignity commonly associated with such bodies. Men in the position of the Vice-Chancellor, for example, ought to hold themselves above such jockey-work however much they may fancy the thrills of the race. The first two Vice-Chancellors under the new Constitution of 1923 were either too weak or too lazy to interest themselves actively in such matters; and the third had his own reasons not to flaunt his colours in this race. The present Vice-Chancellor, however, has been schooled too long in Municipal politics to escape altogether the temptation to "manage" the system in his charge, and to "savage" the colleagues who may be at times inconvenient. Though he began his career with a most admirable resolve to keep out of election mongering, he has of late interested himself so openly and blatantly in favour of particular candidates as to constitute with a major scandal.

University administration. Where as in earlier elections in his time not only he himself refrained from voting, but also recommended all officials of the University to abstain from this entanglement, and even advised some of his colleagues to avoid being involved in such a mess. But, at least in one recent election, he not only voted himself, which was his right, but not his statutory duty or moral obligation, but also induced, advised or influenced the University dons, directly under him to record their votes for the candidate favoured by the Vice-Chancellor. It is immaterial what actual methods he used to secure this step. The point, however, is that, where a personage of his position and influence busies himself actively with elections in the body he presides over there can be no hope of free deliberation or important points of policy and perhaps no chance for an utterly impartial administration. Even the elected President of such public body deems it right and proper to keep himself sedulously aloof from such partisan acts during his term in the Chair. Much greater is the obligation, flowing from an unwritten convention that a nominated President, like the Vice-Chancellor of this University should be, far more than Caesar's wife above any such suspicion as the activity of Mr. Chandavarkar in the election contest of Dr. McKenzie against Principal Burrow inevitably draws upon him.

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 3 POINTS DOWN

Wheat Firm: Bullion Featureless

On Wednesday cross rates improved on fairly good support. Prospective rigid crop control had a steady effect on the distant months in New York Cotton Exchange but nears were a shade easy. Business was restricted and lack of incentive was noticed. Market fluctuated narrowly.

WHEAT FIRM ON GERMAN DEMAND
After ruling dull for a while, wheat displayed a firm tone on reports of good sales of plate to Germany.

SECURITIES FIRM
On London Stock Exchange, Gilt-edged securities were firm on better demand.

COTTON LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

	New York, Feb 10
Previous closing	12.52
To-day's opening	12.50
Difference	-02
To-day's closing	12.49
Difference	-03

	Liverpool, Feb 10
Previous closing	6.97
To-day's opening	6.96
Difference	plus 01
To-day's closing	6.99
Difference	plus 02

	BROACH EXPECTATION
April May	Rs. 225

N. Y. COTTON MARKET
New York cotton near months show some easing but distant positions kept very steady on prospective rigid crop control but in absence of any definite news and lack of fresh incentive market generally continued quiet with business restricted.

Operations in May commenced at 12.50 i.e. two points lower than previous closing. Prices declined on some liquidation and hedge selling but thereafter prices rallied on some good support with March rising to 12.52 with steady undertone.

	New York, Feb 10
March (12.66/12.66)	12.64/12.63
May (12.53/12.52)	12.50/12.50
July (12.36/12.35)	12.32/12.35

	Liverpool, Feb 10
American March (7.00) 6.98	
American May (6.99) 6.97	
Egyptian March (9.45) 9.40	
Egyptian May (9.73) 9.68	

	BROACH COTTON
Broach cotton moved between Rs. 225.8 and Rs. 224.8. The rate at 9.30 p.m. was Rs. 225.8.	

	LONDON MARKETS
The rates at 3.30 p.m. were as follows:—	

	TEA
Indian Pekoe (1-0 3/4) 1-0 3/4	
Indian Pekoe higher (1-1 1/2) 1-1 1/2	
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 3/4) 1-1 1/2	
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-3) 2-3 3/4	

	JUTE
New Crop February March (18 7/8)	
Old Crop February March (18 7/8)	
Dunlop February (22 1/4 sellers) 22 1/4	
Lightning February (22 1/2 sellers) 22 1/2	
20 1/2 sellers	

	RUBBER
Spot (10 1/2 buyers) 10 1/2 value	
Forward April June (10 9/16 paid sellers) 10 1/2 paid buyers	

	LINSEED
Castorseed Bombay February March (14 1/2 sellers) 14 1/2	
Linseed Calcutta February March (14 1/2 sellers) 14 1/2	
Linseed La Plata January (11 13/16 sellers) 11 13/16	
Groundnuts Comorand March (15 1/2 sellers) 15 1/2	

	LIVERPOOL WHEAT
Liverpool wheat opened firm at March 102, May 103 1/2.	
After fairly good activity market turned somewhat dull and uninteresting but eventually better enquiry developed at lower level with prices suddenly displaying firmer tendency on good buying influenced by reports of good sales of plate to Germany.	

	CHICAGO WHEAT
Chicago, Feb 10	
May 1.35	
Prices advanced slightly on scattered buying but business was restricted by foreign uncertainties.	

	BROWN BOLD LINSEED
May 1937 Delivery	
(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association)	
Rs. a. p.	
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7 8 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 8 3
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7 8 3
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 8 6

3 1/2 P. C. GOVT. PAPER Closing Quotation

	Bombay, Feb 10
The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted at Rs. 97.2 at 2 p.m.	
The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 97.	
Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—	
Opening	Rs. 97 0 0
Highest	Rs. 97 3 0
Lowest	Rs. 96 15 6
Closing	Rs. 97 0 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

	London, Feb 10
The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at 134 1/2, as against the previous closing at 134 1/2.	

INDIAN LOANS

	London, Feb 10
3 per cent New Indian Loan (1936-37)	134 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (1935-36)	134 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (1934-35)	134 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (1933-34)	134 1/2
4 per cent Indian Loan (1932-33)	134 1/2
5 per cent Indian Loan (1931-32)	134 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian Loan (1934-35)	134 1/2

JUTES STEADY BUT UNCHANGED

	Calcutta Share Market
Jutes ruled steady but unchanged. Coal, iron and steel were slightly easier. Miscellaneous, Indian Irons continued to be easier, while others remained more or less unchanged. Government securities were weak but closed steady. Following were the closing quotations:—	
Government securities: Two and three fourth per cent loan 1948/52 100; three per cent loan 1951/54 102 1/2; three and half per cent Government paper 97 1/2; three and half per cent loan 1947/50 105 1/2; four and half per cent loan 1955/60 118 1/2 small lot; five per cent loan 1945/55 119 1/2 small lot.	
Reserve Bank 132 1/2	
Cottons: E D Sassoon 100; 1/6; Kesornam 5; New Victoria 1/6; 1/6; Coals: Bengal 312; Bokaro and Ramgarh 312; East Indian 19 1/8; Nazara 9 1/2; Ranegunj 38 1/4; Samla 2; South Karanpura 7 1/4; New Victoria 1/6; Bhalora 2 1/2; Lakurka 3 1/2; New Broom 14 1/2.	
Jutes: C1 24 1/2 small lot; Delta 37 1/2; do pref 125; Howrah 51 1/2; Lansdowne 156; Megna 26; Anglo-India 34 small lot; Budge Budge 283; Dalhousie 317; 525; National 22 1/2 small lot; Reliance	

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

	London, Feb 10
General business quiet. Gilt-edged firmer. Home industrials generally rather irregular. Copper shares better. Kaffirs steady to firm.	

INDUSTRIALS

	British Celanese Second Preference
(184 1/2) 18	
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (88-9) 88-9	
Hydro Electric (107 1/2) 107 1/2	
Musical Industries (25-10 1/2) 25-10	
Prinching Johnson (117-8) 116-6	
Imperial Chemical (40-10 1/2) 40-4 1/2	
Woolworth Ordinary (85-7 1/2) 85-0	
Realisation 1930 (138 1/2) 138 1/2	
Dunlop Rubber (34-9) 34-4 1/2	
Unilever Ordinary (45-9) 45-3	
Ford Motors (32-0) 32-0 1/2	
Cables and Wireless (58 1/8) 58-0	
British American Tobacco (132-6) 131-10	
Caracas A (58 3/4) 58 3/4	
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (163-1 1/2) 162-6	
P and O S N Company Deferred (114 1/2) 107 1/2	
Debtors: 7 per cent 1925/45 Craig Jute 106; three quarter per cent 1956 66; Howrah Bridge 100 1/4; four per cent 1912/42 Calcutta Port Trust 107; four per cent 1912/42 do 107 1/2; do 1908/38 102 1/2; seven per cent 1925/45 Waverley Jute 106; four per cent 1912/42 Calcutta Municipal 107-A, P.	

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

	Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 5th February 1937.
LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:	
(a) Government x	11,30,41,000
(b) Banks	15,68,35,000
(c) Others	40,82,000
Bills Payable	8,40,000
Other Liabilities	1,08,00,000
ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	9,92,03,000
Subsidiary Coin	2,99,000
Bills Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	Nil
(b) External	Nil
(c) Government of India	Nil
Treasury	20,35,56,000
Balances held abroad	Nil
Loans and Advances to the Government	Nil
Other Loans and Advances	7,73,78,000
Investments	41,24,000
Other Assets	38,49,06,000
x Includes 26,40,000 held in London on account of the High Commissioner converted at 1s 6d to the rupee.	
* Includes Cash and Short term Securities.	

TEA SHARES

	Assam Company (19-4) 19-4 1/2
Dormo Tea (47-6) 47-6	
Empire of India (80-7 1/2) 81-0	

RUBBER SHARES

	Anglo Dutch Rubber (43-7 1/2) 43-0
Gula Kelampayan (58-1 1/2) 58-9	
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (41-3) 41-3	

JUTE SHARES

	Barnagore (111 1/4) 111 1/4
Nandydrug (62-6) 62-6	
Burma Corporation (16-9) 16-6	
Rio Tinto (124 1/4) 124 1/2	
East Rand Proprietors (82-4 1/2) 82-6	
Rand Mines (139 3/8) 139 3/8	

MINE SHARES

	Crown Mines (116 1/2) 116 1/2
Gedule New (111) 111	
New Modders (131 7/8) 131 1/4	
Sub Nigel (141 1/8) 141	
Spring Mines Split Shares (41-10 1/2) 40-7 1/2	
Union Corporation (110 1/2) 110 1/2	

OIL SHARES

	Venezuela Persian (58-9) 58-9
Anglo Iranian (113-1 1/2) 115-7 1/2	
Burma Oil (115-7 1/2) 116-3	
Musical Eagle (29-7 1/2) 30-0	
Shell Transport (142 1/2) 141 7/8	
Royal Dutch (149 1/8) 148 3/4	

HUME RAIL SHARES

	Great Western (162-0) 162 3/4
L and S Ordinary (131 1/2) 131-4 1/2	
L N E R Defd (15 5/8) 15 3/8	
Southern Dutch (124 1/4) 124 3/8	
London Paris 5 per cent (130 1/2) 130 1/2	
London Transport 'C' Stock (137 1/2) 137 1/4	

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

	The following were the opening rates: General Motor (66 5/8) 66 5/8
Anacosta Copper Mining (55 7/8) 55 7/8	
U S Steel Common (101 3/4) 101 3/4	
U S Steel Preference (149) 149	
Ratio of Total A to Liabilities: 57.97 per cent.	

GILT-EDGED IMPROVE IN LONDON

American Steels Firm
(SPECIAL CABLE)
LONDON, Feb 10
On Stock Exchange business was small prices fluctuating narrowly in regularity in absence of fresh developments. Support improved few specialised Kaffirs while gilt-edged again improved slightly.

Commodities, Copper, Spelter firm on trade and speculative buying. Wheat eased fears Spain unable purchase all she expected. Rubber very steady outside speculative support.

Wall Street firm especially steels.

BOMBAY BULLION

Silver opened steady at Rs. 50, Rs. 49 1/2 and Rs. 49 5/8. Market was fairly active on scattered buying but business was very restricted in absence of any important advices from abroad. Gold steady at Rs. 50 1/2, Rs. 49 3/4 and Rs. 49 1/2.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 35 1/2, Rs. 35 1/4 and Rs. 35 1/8. Trading was steady and featureless with traders holding off owing to lack of speculative interest closed steady at Rs. 35 1/2, Rs. 35 1/4 and Rs. 35 1/8.

JUTES STEADY BUT UNCHANGED

Calcutta Share Market

Jutes ruled steady but unchanged. Coal, iron and steel were slightly easier. Miscellaneous, Indian Irons continued to be easier, while others remained more or less unchanged. Government securities were weak but closed steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

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Reserve Bank 132 1/2

Cottons: E D Sassoon 100; 1/6; Kesornam 5; New Victoria 1/6; 1/6; Coals: Bengal 312; Bokaro and Ramgarh 312; East Indian 19 1/8; Nazara 9 1/2; Ranegunj 38 1/4; Samla 2; South Karanpura 7 1/4; New Victoria 1/6; Bhalora 2 1/2; Lakurka 3 1/2; New Broom 14 1/2.

Jutes: C1 24 1/2 small lot; Delta 37 1/2; do pref 125; Howrah 51 1/2; Lansdowne 156; Megna 26; Anglo-India 34 small lot; Budge Budge 283; Dalhousie 317; 525; National 22 1/2 small lot; Reliance

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 111 1/4; Bareilly Electric 16 1/2; Bengal Telephone 20 1/4; do pref 14 1/2; Upper Gangetic Electric 13; Dacca Electric 22 1/4 small lot; U P Electric 11 1/2 ex div; Burn and Company ordinary 288 small lot; Indian Standard Wagon ordinary 84 1/2; Indian Steel and Wire Products ordinary 36 1/2; do pref 26 1/2; Indian Iron and Steel 29 1/2; Saran Eng 10 1/2; Hindustan Insurance 93; Birds Investment pref 106; British India Corporation 3 1/2; do pref 150; Dunlop Rubber ordinary 15 1/2; Dunlop Rubber second pref 105 1/2; Great Eastern Hotel 22 1/2; Macfarlane and Company 10 1/2; Rottas Industries 20 1/2; British Ceylon Corporation 7; Tide Water Oil 13.

Caracas A (58 3/4) 58 3/4

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (163-1 1/2) 162-6

P and O S N Company Deferred (114 1/2) 107 1/2

Debtors: 7 per cent 1925/45 Craig Jute 106; three quarter per cent 1956 66; Howrah Bridge 100 1/4; four per cent 1912/42 Calcutta Port Trust 107; four per cent 1912/42 do 107 1/2; do 1908/38 102 1/2; seven per cent 1925/45 Waverley Jute 106; four per cent 1912/42 Calcutta Municipal 107-A, P.

VOTE FOR KHEDGIKAR

M. N. Roy's Appeal To Sholapur Workers

M. N. Roy has issued the following statement:—

Mr. Khedgikar is standing as a candidate from the unorganised Labour constituency of Sholapur. Mr. Khedgikar has all along fought for the welfare of the industrial workers and, therefore, deserves all the support that Sholapur workers can accord to him. Mr. Khedgikar's association with the All India Trade Union Congress and the very important and active part he has played in the Trade Union movement entitle him for being elected to the Legislative Assembly on behalf of the Sholapur workers.

CONGRESS SUPPORT

The Congress Committee in Sholapur is also solidly behind Mr. Khedgikar being himself an avowed Congressman. If the Congress is effectively to carry out its programme of rejecting the New Constitution and putting forth the demand of the Constituent Assembly, it will need in the Assembly the active support and co-operation of men like Mr. Khedgikar, who are wedded to an inextinguishable determination to fight imperialism until finally Swaraj is won.

I, therefore, appeal to the workers of Sholapur to cast their votes in favour of Mr. Khedgikar and return him with an overwhelming majority in order that our struggle for freedom may be more effectively carried both inside and outside the councils.

MOTIVE FOR FRONTIER OUTRAGE

Rs. 32,000 Loot Taken Away In Ambush

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.
Reports regarding the murder of Lieut. Beatty and two Khassadars on Sunday last near Boya show that the party was ambushed by a gang consisting, probably, of eight persons. The motive of the crime appears to be loot as Lieut. Beatty had in his car sum of Rs. 32,000 for disbursements. As soon as the incident occurred local scouts, Khassadars and villagers turned out to pursue the offenders. Later an empty cash box was picked up near Ghalanal and nearby currency notes and silver amounting to Rs. 2,400 was found. The lock of the box had been blown off by rifle fire which had also damaged some currency notes later picked up. It has been gathered that behind the car which was ambushed there was a lorry in which were two Khassadars. This has been confirmed by a blood trial which was found by the pursuit party and by the statement of a shepherd who saw four armed men making off. One of the men asked a boy the way and gave him

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Half-Yearly Report

The Reserve Bank Rate and the Imperial Bank Advance Rate remained unchanged at 3 per cent throughout the half-year.

Demand for money was poor up to the middle of December when it improved with the seasonal movement of crops. The advances and bills discounted in India of the Scheduled Banks, which were Rs. 95 crores on 3rd July 1936, fell to Rs. 88 crores by the end of August but improved to Rs. 105 crores at the close of the year, while deposits with the Scheduled Banks in India rose during the half-year from Rs. 225 crores to Rs. 234 crores.

Commodity prices generally have improved during the half-year, particularly in the wheat, jute, rubber and Burma rice markets, but there has been a set-back in the price of sugar.

Exports of gold continued though on a somewhat smaller scale. Their effect on the money market has been last twelve months, however, been partially offset by a renewal of silver imports. General improvement in exports with a reduction in imports has kept sterling exchange rates steady.

Government securities show a further slight rise on the half-year. The average yield on Treasury Bills has been only Rs. 9-10-0 per cent per annum, but with money in somewhat better demand, the rate gradually rose to Rs. 1-2-0 per cent at the close of the year.

The Bank's profits for the half-year have naturally been affected by the poor demand for money and the low return obtainable on its advances and Treasury Bill investments. High security prices have, however, continued to be in its favour.

The usual and necessary provisions having been made, the net profit of the Bank for the half-year amounted to Rs. 35,80,215-15-3 which, with Rs. 29,35,425-15-3 brought forward from the half-year ended the 30th June 1936, makes a total of Rs. 64,55,641-14-11.

This sum the Directors of the Bank have disposed of as follows:—

1. In payment of a Dividend to the Shareholders at the rate of 12 per cent per annum free of income-tax 37,75,000 0 0
2. Transferred to Pension Funds 68,000 0 0
3. Transferred to Premises Account 2,50,000 0 0
4. Carried forward to the Profit and Loss Account of the current half-year 29,62,641 14 11

Total 64,55,641 14 11

STEAMERS EXPECTED FROM LONDON

	From London
Ranchi 18-2 P & O	
Comorin 25-2 P & O	
Strathmore 11-2-37 P & O	
Strathmore 4-3-37 P & O	
Kaisari-Hind 1-3-37 P & O	
Warfield 18-2-37 M M	

STEAMERS EXPECTED FROM LIVERPOOL

	From Liverpool
Clan Macindoe 23-2-37 Finlay	
City of Canterbury 27-2-37 Killick	
City of Bonar 18-2-37 Killick	
Castalia 15-2-37 Graham's T	
City of Christiania 16-2-37 Killick	

STEAMERS EXPECTED FROM FALMOUTH

	From Falmouth
Manila 19-2-37 M M	

STEAMERS EXPECTED FROM GERMANY

	From Germany
Ratenfels 17-2-37 Lionel E	
Weissenfels 18-2-37 Lionel E	
Aludra 19-2-37 Lionel E	
Leibentals 26-2-37 Lionel E	

STEAMERS EXPECTED FROM GENOA

	From Genoa
Donola 16-2-37 Trieste	
Moncalieri 16-2-37 Trieste	
Hilda 15-2-37 Trieste	

STEAMERS EXPECTED FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

	From China and Japan
Victoria 12-2-37 Trieste	
Mayabashi Maru 15-2-37 N Y K	
Calcutta Maru 19-2-37 N Y K	
Bangalore 16-2-37 M M	
Liverpool Maru 18-2-37 O S K	
Shunko Maru 23-2-37 O S K	
Hague Maru 26-2-37 O S K	
FROM BASRA	
Goalpara 18-2-37 M M	

Cotton Crop Control Measures To Continue

FEARS OF CHANGE IN LOAN DIFFERENTIALS

Long Liquidation And Short Covering

Bombay, Feb. 10. On Tuesday the New York cotton futures market was dull and prices did not show any important change as compared with the previous close. The market seemed to be apprehensive with the transference from near to late positions under fears of a possible change in loan differentials. There was a growing uneasiness over the lack of moisture in the Western belt and Washington proposals for the continuance of the cotton crop control measures.

The market opened steady. Near months were easy on liquidation but met with resistance through small price-fixing. New crop months were steadier on buying against sales of near months together with foreign buying. Finally short covering appeared and the tone of the market was steady. March declining opened unchanged at 12.65 and after declining to 12.61 improved to 12.67. Thus prices fluctuated within a range of 6 points and finally closed at a rise of 5 points from the previous day. Spot cotton prices remained unchanged at 13.16. The New Orleans cotton futures market was closed yesterday.

LIVERPOOL MARKET. The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 3 points with March quoted at 7d. There was scattered tired long liquidation, otherwise the market was featureless. Speculative interest was dormant. Later prices declined on stop loss selling but recovered slightly on local covering and small trade calling. The market closed at a decline of 5 to 2 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 5 points at 7.25d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON. Egyptian cotton futures market was easy on increased selling. Sakels futures declined 12 to 13 points and uppers were one to six points down. The Alexandria cotton market was also easy and closed at a loss of 6 to 16 points.

EGYPT SPOT QUIET

Futures in general and Sakels particularly have shown a buoyant tendency since my last cable, although there has been a good deal of selling. Some liquidation has taken place, notably in Giza 7, together with straddle sales of these against Sakels on the theory that the latter are relatively undervalued, while hedge-selling, after virtual absence over a long period, has increased during the last few days for all deliveries, and fixings have exerted considerable pressure intermittently on Sakels and Uppers. Trade calls, coupled with sporadic buying and covering for new export business, have helped to absorb offerings, but buying power has come principally from speculation.

INDIAN BUYING. Shippers report further tentative inquiry from India. With Japan now out of the market, however, and demand from Lancashire and the Continent sluggish, I have less confidence in the market, and I think any further advance would be maintained with difficulty in the face of a recrudescence of hedge-selling on account of interior interests.

GIZA SLACK.

The spot market is quieter and sales are averaging only 3,300 bales a day. Demand for Ashmouni is quite brisk and premium are well maintained. Zagora fully good fair to good up to good to fully good is also actively sought, while exporters are arranging a fair amount of business in this cotton with up-country merchants on forward delivery terms to cover outstanding engagements, mainly with the Far East. Inquiry for Giza 7 has slackened off, however, and premiums for this cotton are appreciably lower. Improvement in the offer of Sakels is maintained, but it looks as if much of the buying of medium grades is for tendering purposes. Masrad continues in good request at hardening premiums, mainly for fulfillment of orders from India.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. March Highest 12.67 plus 01 (2-14 p.m.)
N. Y. March Lowest 12.61-05 (10-55 a.m.)
Liverpool March Highest 7.02-01.
Liverpool March Lowest 6.95-08.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Feb. 9. Messrs. Bativala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Dol.
Amr. Gas and Electric	42
Amr. Power Com.	11
Amr. Power Pld. 7 p.c.	64
Electric Bond Common	24 1/2
Columbia Gas	17
United Power and Light	9
American Tel. and Tel.	181
Western Union Tel.	76
Chesapeake and Ohio Rly.	67
New York Central Rly.	43 1/2
Pennsylvania Rly.	42
Southern Pacific Rly.	50
Amr. Tob. B. X.D.	86
Bethlehem Steel	55 1/2
Republic Steel	36
United States Steel	101 1/2
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	18
Amr. Car Foundry	55
Anacosta Copper Mining	65 1/2
Int. Nickel of Canada	64 3/4
Thompson Products	28
Chrysler	130
General Motors	66 3/4
General Electric	61 3/4
Radio Corp.	23 1/2
Sperry Corp.	23
Socony	19
Chase Bank	59
National City Bank	53
Goodyear Tyre	40
Rubber stocks strong. Chrysler Motors a feature otherwise market indifferent in other sections Goodyear Tyre and Rubber has declared of dol 1/2 per share on 18th March.	

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, Feb. 9.
Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality) 8 7/8

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Feb. 10. Following unchanged New York advances the local market opened steady at Rs. 225 1/4 for Broach A.M. delivery and declined to Rs. 225 1/8 on general selling. Local prices are attractive but operators show no inclination to support the market.

The market is now under the influence of monthly teji-mandi operations and straddle business. These new developments restrict price movement in the local market and as pointed out before sellers of options are in a better position. They refuse to follow American advances and general business has fallen off considerably. Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of one point but it opened 2 points up and Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 225 1/8. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:

	Rs. a. p.
Broach A/M	225 1/4
Broach A	227 1/4
Oomra March	207 0
Oomra May	206 1/2
Bengal March	177 0
Bengal May	177 4 0

Cotton Room Rates

	Rs. a. p.
Bengal U P	184 181 178 175
Punjab	184 181 178 175
Oomra No. 3	217 214 211 208
C P No. 1	229 226 223 220
C P No. 2	221 218 215 212
Broach No. 2	223 220 217 214
Khandesh	209 206 203 200

Ready Cotton Quotations

	Bombay, Feb. 10
Bengal Superfine	182 84
Bengal Fine	178 81
C P 1	220 12
C P 2	212 14
Arvi	213 15
Ellichpur	212 14
Barar	212 14
Khangapur	209 10
Mulkapur	204 06
Khandesh	204 06
Jaina/Sailu	205 07
Burwah Sanavud	210 12
Broach Fine	225 27
Punjab/American	226 31
Sind N	226 76
Punjab 289 F	226 91
Jagadia Ankleshwar	226

Indian Cotton Figures

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

	Bombay, Feb. 10	Since 1st Sept.
In full-pressed bales	Yesterday, This year.	
Khandesh	1,393	175,557
Central India	1,754	221,729
Barar and Nagar	944	116,414
Hyderabad Gaurani	797	52,943
Barar	4,331	326,203
Central Provinces	360	86,974
Total Oomras	9,589	1,048,040
Dholera	952	20,400
N. W. Provinces	4,729	3,669
Rajputana	135	35,578
Sind-Punjab	2,348	213,637
Broach	2,600	19,942
Coompta and Dharwar	11,653	
Western Northern	26	13,316
Cocanada	124	
Tinnevely and Cambodia	2,843	
Persian	10	
American	3,692	
Egyptian and African	1,124	129,765
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	5	
Total	16,774	1,505,695

Exports From Bombay

	1st Sept to 4th Feb	
In full-pressed bales	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	5,536	186,518
Japan and China	11,100	638,538
Coast Ports	...	9,216
Up-country by Rail	...	106,507
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	74,266
Total	14,636	1,015,047

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Feb. 10. Opening.

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Feb. 9.

	17.89-16	17.81-15
SAKELS—		
March	17.89-16	
April	17.81-15	
ASH—		
February	14.26-09	
June	14.02-14	
GIZA—		
March	15.86-14	
November	15.79-14	

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 7th/8th February	17,876
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	1,488,921
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	1,080,726

Cotton Straddles

New York—Liverpool:—	
March 161 May 173 July 177 at Cross	
Rate 4.89 17/32.	
Bombay—Liverpool:—	
Broach A/M 1937 226—Liverpool Ma	
6.99 Rs. 78 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.	
Broach J/A. 218—Liverpool July 6.	
Rs. 74 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.	
Bombay—New York:—	
Broach A/M 1937 226—New York Ma	
12.52 Rs. 58 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.89 17/32.	
Broach J/A. 228—New York July 12.	
Rs. 53 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.89 17/32.	

Osaka Sappin

	Osaka, Feb. 10.
Opening.	
February	257.30 plus 10
April	248.20-120
May	248.30-110
June	247.90-110
August	280.40-120

LINSEED OIL

	London, Feb. 9.
Linseed, naked London per cwt. Feb. sellers	27
Linseed, naked London per cwt. May-Aug. paid sellers	27 3/4

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Feb. 10. Yesterday London gold prices closed unchanged at £7-2 1/2. London-Paris Exchange rate was also unchanged at 105.10. Dollar-Sterling cross rate closed at 4.89 1/2. London silver prices were unchanged at 20d. India bought and China sold white business was small. Later on there was small buying at fixed rates but sellers were reserved. New York silver was unchanged while Montreal silver prices closed unchanged to 5 points up.

The tone of the local silver market is weak and the general feeling is bearish. There is a marked absence of any important buying and chances are in favour of a further decline. The market was quiet with a scattered business and gold was steady with a moderate turn over.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready	35 3 0
Magh delivery	35 3 0
Magh Teji-mandi	35 3 0
Fagan delivery	35 3 0
Fagan Teji-mandi	35 3 0
SILVER—	
Ready	49 14 0
Magh delivery	49 12 0
Magh Teji-mandi	49 12 0
Fagan delivery	49 12 0
Fagan Teji-mandi	49 12 0

LONDON SILVER

London, Feb. 9.

LONDON GOLD

London, Feb. 9.

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Feb. 9.

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Feb. 10.

	London market—
Standard copper cash	£55 12 6
(buyers)	£55 15 0
Standard copper 3 months	£56 5 0
Yellow metal copper	£56 5 0
New York—	
Blue Eagle	13.30 cents
Non-Blue Eagle	13.10 cents
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 41 8 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 52 10 0
Tone: Firm.	

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Feb. 9.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Feb. 9.

New York Sugar

New York, Feb. 9.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Feb. 10.

	Ready Java Rs. 13-5	Shipment February March Rs. 4-4 1/2	Shipment July September Rs. 4-7 1/2
Kesar Rs. 11-9-0			
Saraya Rs. 11-1-0			
Jaya Spot F. 5.35			

Produce Receipts

	Bombay, Feb. 10.
Wheat	3,669 cwt.
Linseed	10 cwt.
Rape, Rai and Mustard	1,189 cwt.
seeds	1,281 cwt.
Gingellyseed	22 cwt.
Groundnuts	12,496 cwt.
Castorseed	586 cwt.
Rice	47,743 cwt.
Myrabolams	11,949 cwt.
Gram	1,261 cwt.
Joowar	338 cwt.
Barley	191 cwt.
Beajree	1,241 cwt.
Indian sugar	7,329 cwt.
Coal	2,241 tons.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Feb. 10.

Our market was quiet with a limited business. March options are to be settled on 22nd February. Cottonseeds are likely to decline. Today's closing prices are as under—

LONDON SEEDS	
	London, Feb. 3.
Linseed La Plata Hull C. I.	
F. Feb. sellers	£11/16
Linseed Calcutta London C.	

LONDON SEEDS

London, Feb. 9.

	£11/16/3
Linseed La Plata Hull C. I.	
F. Feb. sellers	
Linseed Calcutta	£14/1/3
L. F. Feb-Mar. sellers	
Linseed Bombay London C. I.	£14/5/0
F. Feb-Mar. sellers	
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont.	£13/15/0
C. I. F. Feb-Mar. sellers	
Castorseed Bombay Hull C. I.	£14/0/0
F. Feb-Mar. sellers	

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Feb. 9.

	Wheat Rosario Santa Fe Feb.	40
Mar. sellers		
Wheat Barletta Russo	unquoted	
Wheat South Australian Feb.	45	
sellers		

LONDON RUBBER

London, Feb. 9.

	Smoked Sheet Standard Rubber	10 9/16
per lb. sellers		

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Feb. 9.

	T. T. London on—	4.89 9/16
New York		
Paris	105.10	
Berlin	12.17	
Madrid	70.25 nom.	
Amsterdam	8.94 1/4	
Brussels	29.01 3/4	
Milan	93.03	
Berne	21.44 1/4	
Prague	140.37	

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Feb. 10.

	2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 100	3 per cent 1951/54 101/14	3 per cent 1941 Bonds 103/14	3 1/2 per cent C. P. N. Cash 97/2	3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 106	4 per cent 1943 Bonds 110	4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 113/12	4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 118/12	5 per cent 1938/44 107/10	5 per cent 1940/43 Loan 110/10	5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan 106/2
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TAX-FREE

	3 per cent 1945/55 120	4 per cent 1953/63 Loan 112	5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 106	5 per cent 1955 Mysore 125	CORPORATION DEBENTURES	4 per cent B. P. T. 1974 108/8	4 per cent M. Deb. 1974 109	5 per cent M. Deb. 1959 118/8	6 per cent M. Deb. 1954 130/8	6 per cent K. P. T. 1955 130/8	6 1/2 per cent B. I. T. 1937 102
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MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Feb. 10.

B. C. RATES—

1/8 1/16

LONDON—

Banks selling T. T. D. D. 1/8 3/32

Banks buying T. T. 1/8 5/32

C. P. N. 1/8 3/16

Banks buying 3 mos. 1/8 7/32

NEW YORK

B. C. Rate T. T. 273 1/2

Banks selling T. T. 271 1/2

Banks buying T. T. 269 3/8

PARIS—

Banks selling T. T. 783

Banks buying T. T. 776 3/4

JAPAN—

Banks selling T. T. 77 1/2

Banks buying T. T. 76 3/4

AMSTERDAM—

Banks selling D. D. 66 3/4

Banks buying D. D. 83 1/4

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D. D. 81 3/8

Banks buying D. D. 156 1/4

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D. D. 90 3/4

Banks buying D. D. 489 1/2

CROSS RATES—

New York/London 4.89 1/2

Japan/London 1/2

Hongkong/London 1/2 31/32

Shanghai/London 1/2 19/32

London/Paris 105.10

London/Belgium 29.01 3/4

London/Switzerland 21.44 1/4

London/Berlin 12.17

London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2

London/New York 4.89 9/16

London/Amsterdam 8.94 1/4

London/Italy 3 93/0

Tone of Sterling Exchange—Steady.

Gold

8th instant 67-2 1/2

9

**JUPITER
GENERAL**

has a net-work of agen-
cies throughout the
country.

J7

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

**JUPITER
GENERAL**

has claim settling agents
throughout the world.

J8

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1937

Major Adams Acquitted NO DRUNKENNESS AT TIME OF ACCIDENT

Accused Drove Car In Normal Manner

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The appeal preferred by Government against the order of acquittal of Major U. W. Adams was to-day dismissed by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia in the Criminal Appeal Court of the Bombay High Court.

Their Lordships held that there were many doubts in the case for the prosecution and the accused was therefore entitled to the benefit of those doubts and the appeal must fail.

The Chief Justice in the course of his judgment paid a compliment to the defence Counsel Mr. S. A. Vimalal, who, he said, had conducted the defence case ably and with great diligence.

In this case Major U. W. Adams was charged with causing the death of Muriel, four year old daughter of Quarter Master Sergeant Williams, by a rash and negligent act namely by knocking her down while driving his car along Lower Colaba Road.

The case was tried by the Chief Presidency Magistrate who ordered the acquittal of the accused. Against this order the Government of Bombay appealed.

Facts of Case.

The Chief Justice delivering judgment to-day first narrated the facts of the case and then dealt at length on the three prosecution theories namely that the accused was drunk at the time of the accident and incapable of controlling the car, secondly that the handle of the car did not fly out of the socket and strike the child and thirdly that the rash manner in which the car was driven caused the injuries to the child to which she succumbed.

Drink Issue.

Dealing with the first issue, His Lordship, observed that there was no doubt that the accused had taken alcoholic drinks prior to the accident but there was no evidence on record to lead to the suggestion that the drinks which the accused had consumed had made him incapable of driving the car. On the contrary the evidence led by the prosecution showed that the accused drove his car in a normal manner.

There was the evidence of Mr. Goddard and that of Quarter Master Sergeant Levick both of whom had testified that the accused drove the car in a normal manner. The suggestion that the accused was under the influence of alcohol at the time of the accident was therefore not established beyond the fact that he had taken some alcohol in a restaurant and at lunch in his residence.

His Lordship accepted the evidence of the Police officers that the accused was in a state of alcoholic coma when they found him in his quarters asleep. But this was not sufficient to lend support to prosecution theory that because the accused was in that con-

dition at 7 p.m. he must have been drunk at 5 p.m.

His Lordship therefore held that there was not sufficient evidence to hold that the accused was in a state of alcoholic coma when driving his car.

Handle of Door.

The next issue was whether the handle of the door flew out of its socket and struck the child. On this point, the Chief Justice observed that the injuries caused to the child were not incompatible with the defence theory that the handle loosened and flew out striking the child. If the prosecution theory was to be accepted, then the injuries caused to the child must have been more extensive. The mudguard was bound to have first struck the child and then the door handle struck her. But there was no evidence to show that the mudguard had struck the child.

Medical Evidence.

The medical evidence left no room for doubt that the puncture on the skull and the fracture was caused by the door handle.

The extraordinary position in which the child must have been at the time of the accident was a mystery but the defence theory was the more probable explanation namely that the door handle which was loose flung out of its socket and hit the child.

Several Doubts.

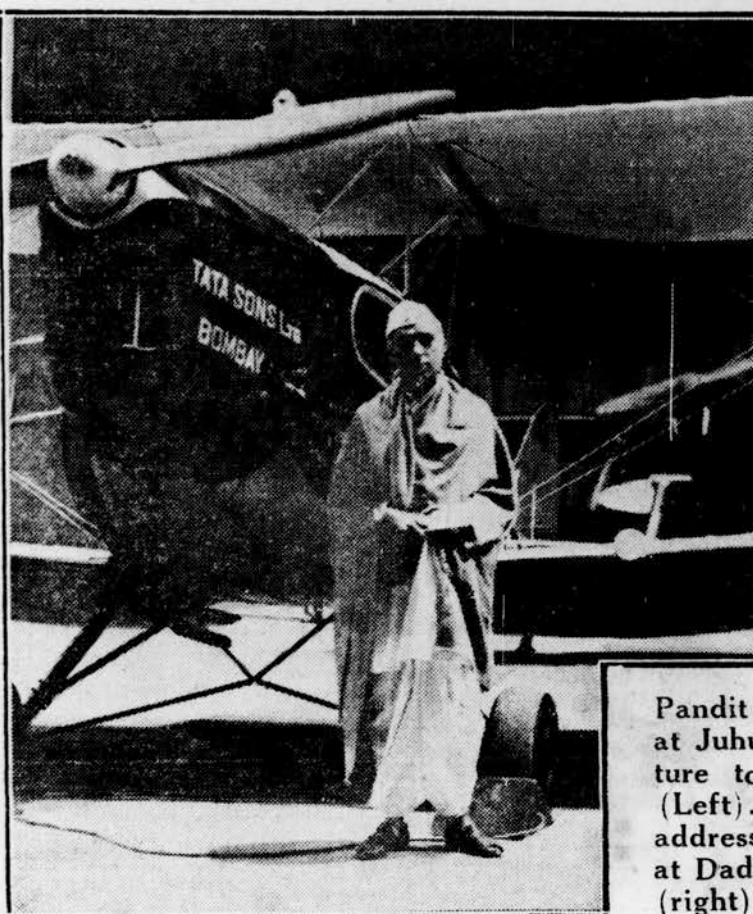
The Chief Justice then discussed the evidence of the Ayah and of the Army Contractor, Bhimaji, and observed that there appeared to be several doubts arising from the prosecution evidence as to the actual details of the accident. His Lordship was not satisfied that the prosecution had established the charge of rash and negligent driving against the accused.

The evidence on record to which His Lordship referred showed that the car was being driven in a normal manner at the time of the accident.

His Lordship therefore accepted the defence plea and gave the benefit of the doubt to the accused and dismissed the appeal.

Mr. Justice Wadia concurred. Mr. Kenneth McL Kemp, Advocate-General instructed by Mr. G. L. Walker Public Prosecutor appeared for the Crown.

Mr. S. A. Vimalal with Mr. Patwardhan appeared for the respondent.



Pandit Jawaharlal snapped at Juhu, prior to his departure to Cannanore by air (Left). Congress President addressing a public meeting at Dadar on Tuesday night (right).



Complete Hartal Follows Opening Of Power House

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

TRICHUR, February 9.

Switching on by Dewan Shunmukham last evening of Shunmukham Power House, started by a foreign firm to supply power to Trichur Town, following the much-protested cancellation of licence to a local company, was the occasion for a complete universal hartal by merchants and businessmen of Trichur, closing their shops and workhouses, numbering over 500.

A grand procession arranged by the foreign firm, was dropped and the Dewan drove to the Power House by a different route, avoiding the original one, along the Bazar streets.

It may be recalled that the cancellation of licence to an indigenous concern, and introduction of foreign agency, were subjects of strong protests in the Legislative Council and repeated memorials were sent to the Maharaja and representations made to the Political Agent and the Political Department of the Government of India.

A mammoth gathering was held here last year praying the Maharaja to terminate the Dewanship of Sir Shunmukham.

ZAMINDARS ON WAR PATH

But Mrs. Naidu Has No
Doubt Congress Will
Win In Andhra

That the Zamindars of Andhra were putting forth all efforts to crush the Congress at the coming elections and that the Congress workers there were doing remarkable work in spite of the innumerable handicaps and lack of money at their disposal, was the view expressed by Mrs. Sarojini Naidu member of the Congress, Working Committee, in the course of an interview with a representative of the "Chronicle" on her return to Bombay on Tuesday morning after a three-day election tour in Andhra.

After her two-days' visit to the Central Provinces, Mrs. Naidu proceeded to Andhra on the 4th

and remained there till the 8th inst., during which time she was mostly on move in a car. She covered more than 800 miles and addressed nearly thirty election meetings. She was presented with numerous addresses of welcome by several organisations.

Mrs. Naidu said that she was very much impressed with the enthusiasm shown by the people of Andhra, who assembled in their thousands to hear the message of the Congress. Their loyalty towards the Congress was very great indeed in spite of the objectionable methods of the Zamindars. In spite of several handicaps, in spite of attempts at intimidation by those who opposed the Congress she was confident that the Congress would come out triumphant in Andhra.

RED CROSS PAGEANT

Programmes Sell Like Hot
Cakes Because Of Big
Prizes

At a special meeting of the Bombay Red Cross Pageant Committee it was disclosed by the Chairman, Mr. Sultan Chitoy, that already, although the Pageant would not be held until March 29, 19,000 programmes have been sold.

It will be remembered that each programme is numbered and that the purchasers of 60 lucky numbered programmes will be entitled to claim valuable prizes on the day of the Pageant. The most valuable of these is a 1937 model saloon car and this car is being used as a medium for programme selling in the city. It is out most of the day displayed on the top of a lorry and attended by lady workers on behalf of the Pageant Committee who are selling an average of 800 programmes every day.

The Committee has authorised the sale of 60,000 programmes only and the Chairman anticipated that these would be sold before the end of February. People, therefore, who are anxious to attend the Pageant and at the same time have a chance of winning a luxurious motor car or a big cash prize, should make sure that they make their purchase of programmes as early as possible.

MOTOR PARADE

The motor parade which is being organised in connection with the Pageant at the Mahalaxmi race course promises to be a record for such parades in Bombay. Already commercial firms have entered 22 decorated lorries and over 100 private car owners have undertaken to enter their cars. It is well-known that it is near the time of the function that the majority of people finally decide to

Flying President Off To Cannanore

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Indian National Congress, who arrived in Bombay on Tuesday night after completing his two days' election tour of Maharashtra and addressed a mammoth meeting of the citizens of Bombay at midnight, left for Cannanore by the Tata air mail from the Juhu aerodrome on Wednesday morning. He was accompanied by his Secretary, Mr. Upadhyaya.

After finishing the meeting at 11-30 p.m. on Tuesday night, the President rushed to his sister's residence at Warden Road and engaged in a few minutes' talk with several people to whom he had given previous appointments.

By 5 a.m. the Congress President was up and doing and proce-

ded to the Juhu Aerodrome, where he was received by Mr. R. A. Jagirdar and others on behalf of Karnatak, whither the Pandit is bound.

Among others present at the Aerodrome were Messrs. K. F. Nariman, S. K. Patil, M. R. Masani, Mr. and Mrs. Hatheesingh and others.

The plane took off at 6-40 and was due to arrive at Marmagao at 9-30, where a citizens' address was to be presented to the Congress President during the 20 minutes' stay there.

The plane was due to reach Cannanore at about 12 noon, where the President was to be received by the Congress leaders from Karnatak and his Karnatak programme will commence.

join in such a demonstration but already there are many promises of co-operation and the parade is likely to provide a spectacle which will vie with the Pageant itself in splendour.

Final details of the military section of the Pageant are now being arranged and it will be announced shortly. The new British regiment stationed in Bombay, the Cheshires, will play a most important part in this section. Several bands will be engaged for the occasion including the Bombay City Police Band, the band of the Maratha Light Infantry and of course that of the Cheshires.

FIREWORKS DISPLAY
The "piece de resistance" of the Pageant will be the fireworks display after dark. The contractors are already at work preparing the pieces which will be entirely novel and on a scale never before seen in this city. So high will some of

the pieces be that special arrangements have had to be made to secure the assistance of lorries with elevated platforms to complete the construction work.

The Red Cross Pageant, numbered programmes prize fund is coming in for wide support from wealthy people who are anxious to support the movement. In addition to the list already published, the following donations have been received:—

	Rs.
His Highness the Maharaja-dhiraj of Idar	200
Mr. Jamselji Ardaseer Wadia	200
His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda	100
Mr. Nusservanji S. Guddar	51
His Highness the Chief of Ichalkaranji	50
Total	601

**SIR P. R. RAU
TO GO ON LEAVE**
Will Be Posted As Bombay
Accountant-General
On Return

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.
It is understood that Sir P. Raghavendra Rau, the Financial Commissioner of Railways, on termination of his term of office will proceed on four months' leave early in April.
On his return from leave Sir Raghavendra Rau will be posted as Accountant General, Bombay.

**Troop Carrier
'Planes Return**

CAWNPORE, Feb. 10.
Two "Valencia" troop carrier aeroplanes arrived here to-day after the Far East manoeuvres. They will leave to-morrow for Iraq.—A.P.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade—

